FEDERAL REGISTER

VOLUME 18 NUMBER 51

Washington, Tuesday, March 17, 1953

TITLE 3—THE PRESIDENT

EXECUTIVE ORDER 10438

TRANSFERRING CERTAIN FUNCTIONS OF THE NATIONAL SECURITY RESOURCES BOARD AND OF THE CHAIRMAN THEREOF TO THE DIRECTOR OF DEFENSE MOBILIZATION

By virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution and laws of the United States, and as President of the United States and Commander in Chief of the armed forces of the United States, it is hereby ordered as follows:

SECTION 1. All of the functions vested in the National Security Resources Board and in the Chairman of such Board by the following-designated Executive orders are hereby transferred to the Director of Defense Mobilization, and the said Executive orders are amended accordingly.

(a) Executive Order No. 9781 of September 19, 1946, as amended by Executive Order No. 10360 of June 11, 1952 (17 F. R. 5337)

(b) Executive Order No. 10312 of December 10, 1951 (16 F R. 12452)

(c) Executive Order No. 10346 of April 17, 1952 (17 F. R. 3477)

(d) Executive Order No. 10421 of December 31, 1952 (18 F R. 57).

SEC. 2. So much of the records and personnel under the jurisdiction of the Chairman of the National Security Resources Board as such Chairman and the Director of Defense Mobilization shall jointly determine to relate primarily to the functions which are transferred to the Director of Defense Mobilization by section 1 of this order shall be transferred, consonant with law, to the Office of Defense Mobilization.

DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER

THE WHITE HOUSE,
March 13, 1953.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2405; Filed, Mar. 13, 1953; 3:52 p. m.]

TITLE 7—AGRICULTURE

Chapter I—Production and Marketing Administration (Standards, Inspections, Marketing Practices), Department of Agriculture

PART 51—FRESH FRUITS, VEGETABLES AND OTHER PRODUCTS (INSPECTION, CERTIFICATION, AND STANDARDS)

U. S. STANDARDS FOR COLLARD GREENS OR BROCCOLI GREENS

On January 20, 1953, a notice of proposed rule making was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (F. R. Doc. 53-662; 18 F R. 425) regarding proposed United States Standards for Collard Greens or Broccoli Greens.

A period of thirty days was allowed for submitting written data, views and arguments for consideration in connection with the proposed standards. After consideration of all relevant matters presented, including the proposals set forth in the aforesaid notice of rule making, the following United States Standards for Collard Greens or Broccoli Greens are hereby promulgated under the authority contained in the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (60 Stat. 1087; 7 U. S. C. 1621 et seq.) and the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1953 (Pub. Law 451, 82d Cong., approved July 5, 1952)

§ 51.169 *Standards for collard greens or broccoli greens*—(a) *General.* (1) These standards are applicable to collard greens or broccoli greens, or mixtures of the two which may consist of leaves, or parts of leaves, plants or mixtures of leaves and plants.

(b) *Grades*—(1) *U. S. No. 1.* U. S. No. 1 consists of collard greens or broccoli greens of similar varietal characteristics which are fresh, fairly tender, fairly clean, well trimmed, and of characteristic color for the variety or type; which are free from decay and free from damage caused by coarse stalks and seedstems, discoloration, freezing, foreign material, disease, insects or mechanical or other means.

(i) In order to allow for variations incident to proper grading and handling, not more than a total of 10 percent, by weight, of the units in any lot, may fail

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THE PRESIDENT

EXECUTIVE AGENCIES

FEDERAL REGISTER

Published daily, except Sundays, Mondays, and days following official Federal holidays, by the Federal Register Division, National Archives and Records Service, General Services Administration, pursuant to the authority contained in the Federal Register Act, approved July 26, 1935 (49 Stat. 500, as amended; 44 U. S. C., ch. 8B), under regulations prescribed by the Administrative Committee of the Federal Register, approved by the President. Distribution is made only by the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C.

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to meet the requirements of the grade: *Provided,* That not more than one-half of this amount, or 5 percent, shall be allowed for serious damage by any cause, and including therein not more than 2 percent for decay. (See basis for calculating percentages.)

(c) *Unclassified.* Unclassified consists of collard greens or broccoli greens which have not been classified in accordance with the foregoing grade. The term "unclassified" is not a grade within the meaning of these standards but is provided as a designation to show that no definite grade has been applied to the lot.

(d) *Application of tolerances.* (1) The contents of individual containers in the lot, based on sample inspection, are subject to the following limitations: *Provided,* That the averages for the entire lot are within the tolerances specified:

(i) When a tolerance is 10 percent or more, individual containers in any lot shall have not more than one and one-half times the tolerance specified.

(ii) When a tolerance is less than 10 percent, individual containers in any lot shall have not more than double the tolerance specified: *Provided,* That at least one specimen which does not meet the requirements may be permitted in any container.

(e) *Basis for calculating percentages.* (1) Percentages shall be calculated on the basis of weight or an equivalent basis. In sorting or grading the sample, the unit shall be the plant, the leaf, or a portion of the leaf or plant exactly as it occurs in the sample. A plant or portion of plant shall not be broken to remove the defective portion, but shall be considered as a unit.

(f) *Definitions.* (1) "Similar varietal characteristics" means that the collard greens or broccoli greens shall be of the same general color and character of growth. No mixture of varieties or types shall be permitted which materially affects the appearance of the lot.

(2) "Fresh" means that the greens are not more than slightly wilted.

(3) "Fairly tender" means that the greens are not tough, or excessively fibrous.

(4) "Fairly clean" means that the appearance of the greens is not materially affected by the presence of dirt, dust, or other foreign material.

(5) "Well trimmed", as applied to plants, means that the main stem shall not extend more than one inch below the point of attachment of the first leaf.

(6) "Damage" means any defect which materially affects the appearance, or the edible or shipping quality of the individual unit, or the lot as a whole. Any one of the following defects, or any combination of defects, the seriousness of which exceeds the maximum allowed for any one defect, shall be considered as damage:

(i) Coarse stalks or seedstems when they are woody and tough and more than 3½ inches in length, or when they are fairly tender or tender and are more than one-third the length of the entire plant. The length of the plant shall be measured from the base of the main stem to the tip of the leaf extending the greatest distance from the base of the main stem;

(ii) Discoloration when the appearance of the unit is materially affected by yellowing or any other type of discoloration; and,

(iii) Mechanical damage when the unit is badly crushed, torn, or broken.

(7) "Serious damage" means any defect which seriously affects the appearance, or the edible or shipping quality of the individual unit, or the lot as a whole. Any one of the following defects, or any combination of defects, the seriousness of which exceeds the maximum allowed for any one defect, shall be considered as serious damage:

(i) Insects when the unit is noticeably infested, or when it is seriously damaged by them;

(ii) Discoloration when the unit is badly discolored; and,

(iii) Decay.

Effective time. The United States Standards for Collard Greens or Broccoli Greens contained in this section shall become effective thirty (30) days after the date of publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

(Sec. 205, 60 Stat. 1090; 7 U. S. C. 1624. Interprets or applies sec. 203, 60 Stat. 1087, as amended; 7 U. S. C. 1622)

Done at Washington, D. C., this 12th day of March 1953.

[SEAL] ROY W. LENNARTSON,
Assistant Administrator, Production and Marketing Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2378; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:56 a. m.]

Chapter VIII—Production and Marketing Administration (Sugar Branch), Department of Agriculture

Subchapter H—Determination of Wage Rates

[Sugar Determination 862.5]

PART 862—SUGAR BEETS; REGIONS OTHER THAN STATE OF CALIFORNIA, SOUTHWESTERN ARIZONA, SOUTHERN OREGON, AND WESTERN NEVADA

1953 CROP

The headnote for Part 862 is hereby revised to read as set forth above.

Pursuant to the provisions of section 301 (c) (1) of the Sugar Act of 1948, as amended (herein referred to as "act") after investigation, and consideration of the evidence obtained at the public hearing held in several cities in the sugar beet area during December 1952, the following determination is hereby issued:

§ 862 5 *Fair and reasonable wage rates for persons employed in the production cultivation, or harvesting of the 1953 crop of sugar beets in regions other than the State of California southwestern Arizona southern Oregon and western Nevada*—(a) *Requirements* The requirements of section 301 (c) (1) of the act shall be deemed to have been met with respect to the production, cultivation or harvesting of the 1953 crop of sugar beets in regions other than the State of California southwestern Arizona southern Oregon and western Nevada if the producer complies with the following:

(1) *Wage rates* All persons employed on the farm or part of the farm covered by a separate labor agreement shall have been paid in full for all such work and shall have been paid wages in cash therefor at rates as agreed upon between the producer and the laborer but, after the beginning of work on the 1953 crop of sugar beets or the date of issuance of this determination, whichever is later not less than the following:

(i) *When employed on a time basis* (*a*) For thinning hoeing or weeding: 65 cents per hour

(*b*) For pulling topping or loading: 70 cents per hour

(*c*) For the operations specified above performed by workers between 14 and 16 years of age the above rates may be reduced by not more than one-third Maximum employment for workers between 14 and 16 years of age without deduction from payments under the Act to the producer is 8 hours per day

(ii) *When employed on a piecework basis* (*a*) 1953 basic piecework rates per acre for thinning hoeing and weeding by wage districts:

Operations	I	II		III	IV		V	VI
	Michigan, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois Wisconsin	(A) Northwestern Minnesota, eastern North Dakota	(B) Southern Minnesota, Iowa	Nebraska Colorado Kansas, South Dakota, southeastern and eastern Wyoming, east central Utah, New Mexico Texas	(A) Northern Wyoming, western North Dakota, Montana (except western)	(B) Western Montana	Southern and eastern Idaho, Utah (except east central) northern Nevada	Western Idaho, Oregon (except southern), Washington
Thinning								
Hoe and finger thinning fields planted with segmented seed (notes 1 and 2):								
Without machine thinning	$13 00	$13 00	$14 00	$13 50	$14 50	$13 50	$13 00	$13 00
With machine thinning (note 3)	11 00	11 00	12 00	11 50	12 50	11 50	11 00	11 00
Hoe thinning (any type seed) (note 4)	9 00	9 00	10 00	9 50	10 50	9 50	9 00	9 00
Weeding								
First hoeing following complete machine thinning (note 5)	9 00	9 00	10 00	9 50	10 50	9 50	9 00	9 00
First hoeing following hoe thinning only	5 50	6 00	6 00	6 50	7 00	7 00	6 00	8 00
First hoeing following hoe and finger thinning	4.50	5 00	5 00	5 50	6 00	6 00	5 00	7 00
Second and each subsequent hoeing or weeding	3 00	3 50	4.00	4.00	4.50	5 50	4.00	6 00

Combined operations: Where a written agreement provides for a combined rate for summer work," the rate for such work regardless of the number of hoeings or weedings required, shall be the sum of the applicable thinning, hoeing, and weeding rates specified above

Wide row planting: The above thinning, hoeing and weeding rates may be reduced by not more than the indicated percentages for the following row spacings: 28 inches or more but less than 31 inches, 20 percent; 31 inches or more but less than 34 inches 25 percent; 34 inches or more, 30 percent.

Cross cultivation: In an instance where cross cultivation is performed prior to hoeing or weeding, other than first hoeing following complete machine thinning, the specified first hoeing rate may be reduced not in excess of $1.00 per acre, and the specified subsequent hoeing or weeding rate may be reduced not in excess of 50 cents per acre.

NOTE 1: Hoe and finger thinning consists of removing excess beet plants from rows by use of a hoe in combination with finger work. Segmented seed includes seed which has been sheared or which has been graded to pass through a $\frac{12}{64}$ inch screen with size variations not in excess of $\frac{3}{64}$ inch

NOTE 2: The basic piecework rates for hoe and finger thinning fields planted with natural whole seed shall be $2 more per acre than the rates specified for hoe and finger thinning fields planted with segmented seed

NOTE 3: The rate for hoe and finger thinning machine thinned (formerly designated machine blocked) fields is applicable where the beets have been machine thinned before the plants have passed the 8 leaf stage; where the blocks have not been covered with dirt; and where the blocks are not larger than 4 by 6 inches; otherwise the "without machine thinning" rate applies.

NOTE 4: Applicable where the producer does not require the worker to finger thin because of low rate of seeding or other labor saving practices.

NOTE 5: Applicable on fields which have been completely machine thinned; where the blocks are not larger than 2 by 4 inches; where the worker is not required to finger thin; and when the operation is performed at the time first hoeing is customarily performed.

(b) 1953 basic piecework rates per ton for pulling, topping, and loading by wage districts:

Average tons per acre for the farm, or part of the farm covered by a separate labor agreement (To determine applicable rate, round average tonnage to nearest $\frac{1}{10}$ ton in wage district I and to nearest full ton in other wage districts)	I	II		III	IV		V	VI
	Michigan Ohio, Indiana Illinois Wisconsin	(A) Northwestern Minnesota, eastern North Dakota	(B) Southern Minnesota, Iowa	Nebraska Colorado Kansas, South Dakota, southeastern and eastern Wyoming, east-central Utah, New Mexico Texas	Montana, northern Wyoming, western North Dakota		Southern and eastern Idaho, Utah (except east central), northern Nevada	Western Idaho, Oregon (except southern), Washington
	Pull and top (Note 1)	Pull and top (Note 1)		Pull and top (Notes 1 and 2)	Pull and top (Note 1)	Pull, top and load (Notes 1 and 3)	Pull top and load (Notes 1 and 3)	Pull top and load (Notes 1 and 3)
4	$2 30	$1 80	$1 80	$2 05	$2 05	$2 45	$2 30	$2 15
5	2 15	1 75	1 75	1 95	1 95	2 32	2 20	2 05
6	2 00	1 70	1 70	1 85	1 85	2 20	2 10	2.00
7	1 90	1 65	1 65	1 80	1 80	2 14	2 05	1 95
8	1 80	1 65	1 60	1 75	1 75	2 08	2 00	1 90
9	1 75	1 65	1 55	1 70	1 70	2 02	1 95	1 85
10	1 71	1 65	1 50	1 65	1 65	1 96	1 90	1 80
11	1 67	1 65	1 45	1 60	1 60	1 90	1 85	1 75
12	1 64	1 65	1 40	1 55	1 55	1 84	1 80	1 72
13	1 61	1 65	1 40	1 52	1 52	1 80	1 75	1 69
14	1 59	1 65	1 40	1 49	1 49	1 77	1 72	1 67
15	1 57	1 65	1 40	1 46	1 46	1 73	1 70	1 65
16	1 55	1 65	1 40	1 43	1 43	1 70	1 69	1 63
17	1 55	1 65	1 40	1 41	1 41	1 67	1 68	1 61
18	1 55	1 65	1 40	1 39	1 39	1 65	1 67	1 59
19	1 55	1 65	1 40	1 37	1 37	1 62	1 66	1 57
20 and over	1.55	1.65	1.40	1.35	1.35	1.60	1.65	1.55
	MINIMUM WAGE PER ACRE							
	$9 20	$7 20	$7 20	$8 20	$8 20	$9 80	$9 20	$8 60

NOTE 1: In instances in which the operations of pulling and topping are performed by different workers, the applicable pulling and topping rate shall be divided 35 percent for pulling and 65 percent for topping

NOTE 2: In the east central Utah region of wage district III if the worker who performs the pulling and topping is also required to perform hand loading the applicable combined rate for pulling, topping and loading shall be 30 percent more than the rate specified for pulling and topping only.

NOTE 3: Where loading is not required of the worker who does the pulling and topping, the rate for pulling and topping shall be 70 percent of the applicable combined rate for pulling, topping and loading; except, that if the beets are to be loaded mechanically and the topper is not required to pull beets to provide a place for a window, the rate for pulling and topping shall be not less than 60 percent of the applicable combined rate for pulling, topping and loading.

(iii) *When employed on a time or piecework basis.* For operating mechanical equipment, irrigating all other operations in the production, cultivation, or harvesting of sugar beets for which a rate is not specified herein, the rate shall be as agreed upon between the producer and laborer.

(b) *Perquisites.* In addition to the foregoing, the producer shall furnish to the laborer, without charge, the perquisites customarily furnished by him, such as housing, garden plot, and similar items.

(c) *Subterfuge.* The producer shall not reduce the wage rates to laborers below those determined in this section through any surterfuge or device whatsoever.

(d) *Claim for unpaid wages.* Any person who believes he has not been paid in accordance with this determination may file a wage claim with the local County Production and Marketing Administration Committee against the producer on whose farm the work was performed. Such claim must be filed within two years from the date the work with respect to which the claim is made was performed. Detailed instructions and wage claim forms are available at the office of the local County Production and Marketing Administration Committee. Upon receipt of a wage claim the County Production and Marketing Administration Committee shall thereupon notify the producer against whom the claim is made concerning the representation made by the laborer, and after making such investigation as it deems necessary, notify the producer and laborer in writing of its recommendation for settlement of the claim. If either party is not satisfied with the recommended settlement, an appeal may be made to the State Production and Marketing Administration Committee of the State in which is located the farm where the work was performed. The address of the State Committee will be furnished by the Office of the local County Committee. Upon receipt of the appeal the State Production and Marketing Administration Committee shall likewise consider the facts and notify the producer and laborer in writing of its recommendation for settlement of the claim. If the recommendation of the State Committee is not acceptable, either party may file an appeal with the Director of the Sugar Branch, Production and Marketing Administration, U. S. Department of Agriculture, Washington 25 D. C. All such appeals shall be filed within 15 days after receipt of the recommended settlement of the respective committee, otherwise such recommended settlement will be applied in making payments under the act. If a claim is appealed to the Director of the Sugar Branch, his decision shall be binding on all parties insofar as payments under the act are concerned.

STATEMENT OF BASES AND CONSIDERATIONS

(a) *General.* The foregoing determination provides fair and reasonable wage rates which a producer must pay for work performed by persons employed in the production, cultivation, or harvesting of the 1953 crop of sugar beets in regions other than the State of California, southwestern Arizona, southern Oregon and western Nevada. The determination provides minimum rates for certain specific operations and other requirements with respect to wages which must be met as one of the conditions for payment under the act.

(b) *Requirements of the act and standards employed.* In determining fair and reasonable wage rates, it is required under the act that a public hearing be held, that investigations be made, and that consideration be given to (1) the standards formerly established by the Secretary of Agriculture under the Agricultural Adjustment Act, as amended, and (2) the differences in conditions among various sugar producing areas.

A public hearing was held in Detroit, Michigan; St. Paul, Minnesota, Billings, Montana; Salt Lake City, Utah; and Greeley, Colorado, during the period December 1 through December 10, 1952, at which interested persons presented testimony with respect to fair and reasonable wage rates for work on the 1953 crop of sugar beets in regions other than the State of California, southwestern Arizona and southern Oregon. In addition, investigations have been made of the conditions affecting such wage rates. In this determination consideration has been given to testimony presented at the hearings and to the information resulting from investigations. The primary factors which have been considered are: (1) Cost of living; (2) prices of sugar and by-products; (3) income from sugar beets; (4) cost of production; and (5) relationship of labor cost to total cost. Other economic influences also have been considered.

(c) *1953 wage determination.* This determination continues unchanged all the provisions of the 1952 determination and, in addition, provides a new rate for first hoeing on sugar beet fields which have been completely machine thinned. On such fields the germination stand of beets is reduced and weeds are controlled throughout the normal thinning season by use of a machine and the customary hand labor operation of thinning is not performed. The new operation is performed at the customary time for first hoeing. The designation "machine blocking" is changed in the 1953 determination to the more generally used term "machine thinning" The new designation applies to all mechanical methods of removing all or a portion of the excess sugar beet plants whether performed at right angles or parallel with the rows.

At the public hearing, producers generally recommended no increase for 1953 in the level of wages established in the 1952 determination. The witnesses stated that the wage rates established for 1952 were as high as producers could afford to pay in view of their appraisal of prospective income and production costs for the 1953 crop. Spokesmen for workers cited the low annual earnings of sugar beet workers and recommended that wage rates be increased in 1953. One labor representative recommended the establishment of piecework rates designed to return to workers earnings of approximately $1.25 per hour.

Producer representatives in certain regions recommended a piecework rate scale variable with the quality of thinning work performed. As in prior determinations, this recommendation has not been accepted for the reason that quality of work is considered to be primarily a function of the individual producer-worker relationship. The most significant problem concerning piecework rates brought out by producers during the public hearing was the need for establishing proper differentials for hand labor operations depending upon the degree of machine thinning performed prior to the hand operations. Machine thinning of sugar beets has become increasingly important in the various producing regions in recent years. A study was presented at the public hearing of man-hour requirements for hand labor in fields cultivated in the customary manner, in fields partially machine thinned and in fields completely machine thinned. These data, covering a limited number of farms in one large region, indicated substantial labor savings resulting from machine thinning. On the basis of the data, producer representatives recommended a decrease in the established piecework rate for hoe and finger thinning partially machine thinned fields and the establishment of a new rate for hoeing fields which have been completely machine thinned.

The Department has conducted a study of labor performance in thinning and weeding sugar beets for a number of years. These data, which cover a large number of farms, have been used in prior years as the basis for establishing piecework rate differentials. An examination of the man-hour requirements as shown by the 1952 survey for hoe and finger thinning fields with and without machine thinning, indicates that the rate differential provided in the 1952 determination for thinning the two types of fields is equitable and should be maintained for 1953.

Data which are comparable to that presented at the hearing regarding man-hour requirements for the most recently developed operation, first hoeing following complete machine thinning, are not available from the 1952 survey conducted by the Department. However, consideration has been given the data pertaining to this operation presented at the hearing in light of the relationship between comparable man-hour data for operations which are available from the two studies. On the basis of this analysis the rate differentials established in this determination between the more commonly used operations and first hoeing following complete machine thinning are deemed to be equitable. The rate structure will be re-examined following further study of man-hour requirements during the 1953 crop when it is anticipated the new operation will come into more general use.

Average hourly earnings of piecework employees working under normal field conditions in the several wage districts, when computed at minimum rates, ranged between 70 and 95 cents per hour for thinning and weeding operations according to man-hour data obtained from the 1952 labor performance survey.

In preparing this determination the Department had available information concerning returns, costs and profits of sugar beet producers obtained by survey

for the 1947 and 1951 crops. These data have been restated for intervening years in the light of conditions known to have prevailed and for the 1953 crop on the basis of anticipated conditions. The analysis indicates that the wage rates provided in this determination are within producers' ability to pay but the trend in net returns to producers does not provide the basis for a general increase in wage rates. Wage increases provided in prior determinations and changes in production methods which benefit workers, such as greater use of herbicides and closer row cultivation practices, have made possible increased hourly earnings. As a result, the hourly earnings of workers under the 1953 determination are expected to exceed earnings for the 1949 crop by about the same proportion as the increase in living costs between 1949 and the present time.

After full consideration of available economic data, the wage rates provided in this determination are deemed to be fair and reasonable.

Accordingly, I hereby find and conclude that the foregoing wage determination will effectuate the wage provisions of the Sugar Act of 1948, as amended.

(Sec. 403, 61 Stat. 932; 7 U. S. C. Sup. 1153. Interprets or applies sec. 301, 61 Stat. 929; 7 U. S. C. Sup. 1131)

Issued this 11th day of March 1953.

[SEAL] EZRA TAFT BENSON,
Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2283; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:57 a. m.]

TITLE 6—AGRICULTURAL CREDIT

Chapter III—Farmers Home Administration, Department of Agriculture

Subchapter C—Production and Subsistence Loans

PART 343—PROCESSING

SUPERVISED BANK ACCOUNTS

Section 343.5 (d) Title 6, Code of Federal Regulations (14 F R. 4971) is amended to add subparagraph (4) which provides a restrictive notation on checks drawn on supervised bank accounts when the checks are delivered to the payees prior to countersignature by the County Supervisor.

Section 343.5 (d) (4) reads as follows:

(4) Checks on supervised bank accounts delivered prior to countersignature by the County Supervisor shall bear the legend "Valid only upon countersignature of the Farmers Home Administration," and shall not be placed in banking channels until such signature.

(Sec. 41 (1), 60 Stat. 1066; 7 U. S. C. 1015 (1). Interprets or applies sec. 44 (b), 60 Stat. 1069; 7 U. S. C. 1018 (b))

[SEAL] DILLARD B. LASSETER,
Administrator
Farmers Home Administration.

Approved: March 11, 1953.

TRUE D. MORSE,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

FEBRUARY 27, 1953.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2343; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:50 a. m.]

TITLE 9—ANIMALS AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS

Chapter I—Bureau of Animal Industry, Department of Agriculture

Subchapter C—Interstate Transportation of Animals and Poultry

[B. A. I. Order 383, Amdt. 10]

PART 76—HOG CHOLERA, SWINE PLAGUE, AND OTHER COMMUNICABLE SWINE DISEASES

CHANGES IN AREAS QUARANTINED BECAUSE OF VESICULAR EXANTHEMA

Pursuant to the authority conferred by sections 1 and 3 of the act of March 3, 1905, as amended (21 U. S. C. 123 and 125) sections 1 and 2 of the act of February 2, 1903, as amended (21 U. S. C. 111 and 120) and section 7 of the act of May 29, 1884, as amended (21 U. S. C. 117) § 76.26 in Part 76 of Title 9, Code of Federal Regulations, containing a notice of the existence of certain areas of the swine disease known as vesicular exanthema and establishing a quarantine because of such disease, is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 76.26 *Notice and quarantine.* (a) Notice is hereby given that the contagious, infectious, and communicable disease of swine known as vesicular exanthema exists in the following areas:

Maricopa County, in Arizona;
The State of California;
Hartford, Litchfield and New Haven Counties, in Connecticut;
The District of Columbia;
Bay and Orange Counties, in Florida;
Polk County, in Iowa;
Androscoggin, Cumberland, Kennebec, Somerset, and York Counties, in Maine;
City of Baltimore, in Maryland;
Bristol, Essex, Hampden, Middlesex, Norfolk, Plymouth, and Worcester Counties, in Massachusetts;
Jefferson County, in Missouri;
Douglas and Hall Counties, in Nebraska;
Bergen, Burlington, Camden, Gloucester, Hudson, Hunterdon, Middlesex, Morris and Ocean Counties, in New Jersey;
Albany and New York Counties and Clarkstown Township, in Rockland County, in New York;
Council Grove, Mustang, Oklahoma and Greeley Townships, in Oklahoma County, in Oklahoma;
Bucks, Butler, Delaware, Lehigh and York Counties, in Pennsylvania;
Bristol, Kent, Providence, and Washington Counties, in Rhode Island;
Bowie County, in Texas;
Pierce and Whatcom Counties, in Washington;

(b) The Secretary of Agriculture, having determined that swine in the States and District named in paragraph (a) of this section are affected with the contagious, infectious and communicable disease known as vesicular exanthema, and that it is necessary to quarantine the areas specified in paragraph (a) of this section and the following additional areas in such States in order to prevent the spread of said disease from such States and District, hereby quarantines the areas specified in paragraph (a) of this section and in addition:

Essex and Union Counties, in New Jersey:
Montgomery County, in Pennsylvania:

Effective date. This amendment shall become effective upon issuance. It includes within the areas in which vesicular exanthema has been found to exist, and in which a quarantine has been established:

Bay County in Florida;
The District of Columbia;
Douglas and Hall Counties in Nebraska;
Bowie County in Texas.

Hereafter, all of the restrictions of the quarantine and regulations in 9 CFR Part 76, Subpart B, as amended (17 F R. 10538, as amended) apply with respect to shipments of swine and carcasses, parts and offal of swine from these areas.

This amendment excludes from the areas in which vesicular exanthema has been found to exist, and in which a quarantine has been established:

Brevard County in Florida;
De Kalb County in Georgia;
Smith County in Texas.

Hereafter, none of the restrictions of the quarantine and regulations in 9 CFR Part 76, Subpart B, as amended (17 F R. 10538, as amended) apply with respect to shipments of swine and carcasses, parts and offal of swine from these areas.

The foregoing amendment in part relieves restrictions presently imposed and must be made effective immediately to be of maximum benefit to persons subject to such restrictions. In part the amendment imposes further restrictions necessary to prevent the spread of vesicular exanthema, a communicable disease of swine, and to this extent it must be made effective immediately to accomplish its purpose in the public interest. Accordingly, under section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U. S. C. 1003) it is found upon good cause that notice and other public procedure with respect to the foregoing amendment are impracticable and contrary to the public interest and good cause is found for making the amendment effective less than 30 days after publication hereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

(Secs. 4, 5, 23 Stat. 32, as amended, sec. 2, 32 Stat. 792, as amended, secs. 1, 3, 33 Stat. 1264, as amended, 1265, as amended; 21 U. S. C. 120, 111, 123, 125. Interprets or applies sec. 7, 23 Stat. 32, as amended; 21 U. S. C. 117)

Done at Washington, D. C., this 12th day of March 1953.

[SEAL] TRUE D. MORSE,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2379; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:56 a. m.]

TITLE 14—CIVIL AVIATION

Chapter I—Civil Aeronautics Board

Subchapter A—Civil Air Regulations

[Supp. 1, Amdt. 2]

PART 52—REPAIR STATION CERTIFICATES

EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS; INSTRUMENT RATING

Correction

In Federal Register Document 53-2193, published at page 1411 of the issue for Thursday, March 12, 1953, the phrase

"Capacitance type quality gauge" in amendatory paragraph 7 should read: "Capacitance type quantity gauge."

Chapter II—Civil Aeronautics Administration, Department of Commerce

[Amdt. 7]

PART 600—DESIGNATION OF CIVIL AIRWAYS

ALTERATIONS

The civil airway alterations appearing hereinafter have been coordinated with the civil operators involved, the Army, the Navy, and the Air Force, through the Air Coordinating Committee, Airspace Subcommittee and are adopted to become effective when indicated in order to promote safety of the flying public. Compliance with the notice, procedures, and effective date provisions of section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act would be impracticable and contrary to public interest, and therefore is not required.

Part 600 is amended as follows:

1 Section 600.12 *Green civil airway No. 2 (Seattle, Wash., to Boston, Mass.)* is amended by changing "Mullan Pass, Idaho, radio range station;" to read: "Mullan Pass, Mont., radio range station;"

2. Section 600.220 is amended to read:

§ 600.220 *Red civil airway No. 20 (Lansing, Mich., to Washington, D. C.)* That airspace over United States territory from the Lansing, Mich., radio range station via the Flint, Mich., non-directional radio beacon; the intersection of the northwest course of the Selfridge Field, Mich., radio range and the northwest course of the Windsor, Ont., Can., radio range; Windsor, Ont., Can., radio range station; Cleveland, Ohio, radio range station; Akron, Ohio, radio range station; Pittsburgh, Pa., radio range station; the intersection of the southeast course of the Pittsburgh, Pa., radio range and the northwest course of the Washington, D. C., radio range; Washington, D. C., radio range station to the intersection of the southeast course of the Washington, D. C., radio range with Red civil airway No. 77.

3. Section 600.611 is amended to read:

§ 600.611 *Blue civil airway No. 11 (Toledo, Ohio, to Niagara Falls, N. Y.)* From a point at Latitude 41°28'40", Longitude 82°48'00" via a point at Latitude 41°38'20" Longitude 82°48'00" to the intersection of the north course of the Wellington, Ohio, VHF radio range and the northwest course of the Cleveland, Ohio, radio range, excluding portions overlapping danger areas. From the Cleveland, Ohio, radio range station via the Erie, Pa., radio range station to the intersection of the southwest course of the Buffalo, N. Y., radio range and the east course of the Clear Creek, Ont., Can., radio range. From the Buffalo, N. Y., radio range station to the Niagara Falls Airport, Niagara Falls, N. Y., excluding the portion which lies outside the United States.

(Sec. 205, 52 Stat. 98[illegible] as amended; 49 U. S. C. 425. Interprets or applies sec. 302, 52 Stat. 985, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 452)

This amendment shall become effective 0001, e. s. t., March 17, 1953.

[SEAL] F. B. LEE,
Acting Administrator of Civil Aeronautics.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2375; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:56 a. m.]

[Amdt. 6]

PART 601—DESIGNATION OF CONTROL AREAS, CONTROL ZONES, AND REPORTING POINTS

ALTERATIONS

The control area, control zone and reporting point alterations appearing hereinafter have been coordinated with the civil operators involved, the Army, the Navy and the Air Force, through the Air Coordinating Committee, Airspace Subcommittee, and are adopted to become effective when indicated in order to promote safety of the flying public. Compliance with the notice, procedures, and effective date provisions of section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act would be impracticable and contrary to public interest and therefore is not required.

Part 601 is amended as follows:

1. Section 601.1062 is amended to read:

§ 601.1062 *Control area extension (Raleigh, N. C.)* That airspace within a 30-mile radius of the Raleigh, N. C., radio range station, within 5 miles either side of the southeast course of the Raleigh radio range extending from the range station to a point 41 miles southeast, and within 5 miles either side of the Raleigh ILS localizer course extending from the localizer to a point 30 miles southwest.

2. Section 601.1070 is amended to read:

§ 601.1070 *Control area extension (Oceanside, Calif.)* Within 5 miles either side of a line bearing 293° True extending from the Oceanside, Calif., non-directional radio beacon to a point of intersection with a line bearing 221° True from the Los Angeles, Calif., radio range, and within 5 miles either side of a line bearing 284° True extending from the Oceanside, Calif., non-directional radio beacon to the intersection of the south course of the Los Angeles, Calif., VHF VAR radio range and the southwest course of the Long Beach, Calif., radio range.

3. Section 601.1071 is amended to read:

§ 601.1071 *Control area extension (Burbank, Calif.).* That airspace east of the Burbank, Calif., radio range station bounded on the west by Amber civil airway No. 1, on the south by Green civil airway No. 5, on the southeast by Amber civil airway No. 2 and on the northeast by a line 5 miles northeast of and parallel to the southeast course of the Burbank radio range; that airspace southwest of the Burbank, Calif., radio range station bounded on the north by Red civil airway No. 90, on the east by Amber civil airway No. 1, on the south by Amber civil airway No. 8 and on the west by a line 5 miles west of and parallel to a direct line between the Canoga Park, Calif., non-directional radio beacon and the intersection of the west course of the Los Angeles, Calif., radio range and the southeast course of the Camarillo, Calif., radio range.

4. Section 601.1155 *Control area extension (Omaha, Nebr.)* is amended by adding the following portion to the present control area extension: "and that airspace south of the Omaha, Nebr., radio range station bounded on the north by Red civil airway No. 93, on the east by Amber civil airway No. 4, on the south by Latitude 40°30'00" and on the west by Longitude 96°31'00" "

5. Section 601.1330 is added to read:

§ 601.1330 *Control area extension (Sherman, Tex.)* That airspace within a 70-mile radius of Perrin AFB, Sherman, Tex., bounded on the south by Green civil airway No. 5 and on the west and northwest by VOR civil airway No. 15.

6. Section 601.1331 is added to read:

§ 601.1331 *Control area extension (Tacoma, Wash.).* That airspace south of McChord AFB bounded on the northwest by the eastern edge of Amber civil airway No. 1, on the south by a line 5 miles south of and parallel to the east course of the Toledo, Wash., radio range extending eastward to a point 20 miles distant from the eastern edge of Amber civil airway No. 1, and bounded on the east by a line extending from this point to the intersection of the east course of the McChord AFB radio range and the eastern edge of Amber civil airway No. 1.

7. Section 601.1332 is added to read:

§ 601.1332 *Control area extension (Santa Maria, Calif.)* From the intersection of the Paso Robles, Calif., omnirange 169° True radial and the Santa Barbara, Calif., omnirange 304° True radial extending 5 miles either side of the Santa Barbara omnirange 304° True radial to a point 20 miles northwest and extending 5 miles either side of the Paso Robles omnirange 169° True radial to the northern boundary of control area extension No. 1176.

8. Section 601.1984 *Five-mile radius zones* is amended by adding the following airports:

Sherman, Tex.. Perrin AFB.
Reno, Nev.. Stead AFB.

and by deleting the following airport:

Midland, Tex.. Midland Air Terminal.

9. Section 601.2320 is added to read:

§ 601.2320 *Midland, Tex., control zone.* Within a 5-mile radius of Midland Air Terminal, within 2 miles on the southeast side and 4 miles on the northwest side of the southwest course of the Midland ILS localizer extending from the localizer to a point 15 miles south-

west, and within 2 miles either side of the 011.5° True radial of the Midland omnirange extending from the omnirange station to a point 10 miles north.

10. Section 601.2321 is added to read:

§ 601.2321 *Oxnard, Calif., control zone.* Within a 5 mile radius of Oxnard AFB and within 2 miles on the north side and 5 miles on the south side of a line bearing 271° True from the center of Oxnard AFB extending from the 5 mile radius control zone to the southwestern boundary of Amber civil airway No. 8.

11. Section 601.4012 *Green civil airway No. 2 (Seattle, Wash., to Boston, Mass.)* is amended by changing reporting point "Mullan Pass, Idaho, radio range station;" to read: "Mullan Pass, Mont., radio range station;"

12. Section 601.4625 is amended to read:

§ 601.4625 *Blue civil airway No. 25 (Cordova, Alaska, to Big Delta, Alaska)* The intersection of the northeast course of the Hinchinbrook, Alaska, radio range and the south course of the Gulkana, Alaska, radio range.

(Sec. 205, 52 Stat. 984, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 425. Interprets or applies sec. 601, 52 Stat. 1007, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 551)

This amendment shall become effective 0001, e. s. t., March 17, 1953.

[SEAL] F. B. LEE,
Acting Administrator of Civil Aeronautics.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2376; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:56 a. m.]

[Amdt. 27]

PART 609—STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURES

VERY HIGH FREQUENCY OMNIDIRECTIONAL RANGE PROCEDURES DETERMINATION

This amendment is intended to redefine the final approach area from a rectangular shaped area to a trapezoidal shaped area, and to add TVOR criteria for use when the facility is located on or adjacent to the airport. The effect of the amendment is to make the obstruction clearance requirements for final approach consistent with the decree of accuracy that the VOR final approach course can be flown. Section 609.14, published on November 3, 1951, in 16 F R. 11238, and amended on November 22, 1951, in 16 F R. 11805, is revised to read as follows:

§ 609.14 *Very high frequency omnidirectional range procedures determination.* The policies set forth herein will be used by the Civil Aeronautics Administration in formulating and approving all VHF omnirange instrument approach procedures, including those procedures prescribed in § 609.15. Paragraph (a) of this section contains the criteria for determination of VOR instrument approach procedures when the VOR station is not located on or in the vicinity of the airport. These will be termed VHF omnirange (VOR) procedures. Paragraph (b) of this section contains the criteria for determination of VOR instrument approach procedures when the VOR station is located on or in the vicinity of the airport. These latter will be termed terminal VHF omnirange (TVOR) procedures.

(a) *VOR procedures determination—* (1) *General.* VOR procedures formulated in accordance with these criteria are prescribed in § 609.15 (a)

(i) *Deviations.* Adherence to criteria outlined herein will normally be required in all procedures; however, if any deviation is necessary, a note will be included on the procedure outlining such deviations.

(ii) *Number of procedures established.* More than one procedure may be established for a particular airport when a different direction of approach is involved. An instrument approach procedure may be established when a fan marker, compass locator or other reliable fix is situated within seven miles of the airport and located on a course which passes over or is adjacent to the airport. The additional procedures will be established in the same manner as a procedure from over the facility and will be complete in all details including procedure turn, direction and approach altitudes.

Where more than one procedure is established, procedure No. 1 will be that which is based on an approach from over the facility and procedure No. 2 will be that which utilizes a fan marker, compass locator or reliable fix.

(2) *Initial approach to facility.* Initial approaches to the facility will normally be made over specified routes. This information will not be specified on the procedure itself, since this information is available from other sources. Initial approaches, however, will be specified for transitions from reliable fixes located not more than twenty-five miles from the facility which will afford a reduction from the published minimum en route altitude.

(i) *Altitudes.* The altitudes to the facility will correspond with those established for minimum en route operations in the particular area, except where a transition altitude has been established for an initial approach from a reliable fix. The transition altitude will be specified on the procedure and will provide at least 1,000 feet clearance above all obstructions within an area five miles on each side of the course from the fix. All altitudes will be indicated to the nearest 100 feet (i. e. 1,149 feet will be indicated as 1,100; 1,150 feet will be indicated as 1,200, etc.)

(3) *Shuttle.* Where necessary, a shuttle between two fixes or within a specified distance of the facility will be prescribed to allow for descent after initial approach and prior to commencement of the final approach. Vertical and lateral clearance will be provided as in the case of the initial approach.

(4) *Procedure turn.* Procedure turns will be established and specified in procedures for use in the return to the final approach course (inbound). Normally, a procedure turn involves an initial left turn away from the outbound course followed by a turn to the right toward and intercepting the final approach course. Direction of the turn will be specified as north, south, east or west side of the final approach course. This type of turn will be standard whenever terrain, obstructions, and traffic will permit. The degree of turn and the point at which the turn will be made is left to the discretion of the pilot but the maneuver will be completed within the maneuvering area and at or above the altitude established to provide the required obstruction clearance. A specified procedure turn need not be made when the final approach course can be established from a reliable fix or from an established holding pattern.

(i) *Altitudes.* A minimum altitude will be established for a procedure turn and will normally provide an obstruction clearance of at least 1,000 feet for ten miles on the maneuvering side of the outbound course and five miles on the opposite side within a distance of ten miles from the facility. Altitudes based on this criteria will also be established for procedure turns for distances of 15, 20 and 25 miles from the facility and will be included in the procedure as an advisory item in the event it is necessary or advisable to go beyond the ten-mile limit. Where procedure turns at distances of 15, 20, and 25 miles are not desired, the term "Not Authorized" (NA) will be used.

(ii) *Deviations.* Deviations from the standard procedure turn may be authorized when the turn cannot be made on the left side of the outbound course due to unusually high obstructions, or for other reasons. In such cases the turn will be made on the right side of the course and an explanatory note will be included in the procedure such as, "All turns will be made on the east side of the outbound course, high terrain west side of course."

(5) *Final approach.* The term "final approach" is defined as beginning at the reliable fix from which a final approach has been authorized or beginning at the point where the procedure turn is completed and the aircraft is headed back towards the facility and ending at the point where the landing is completed or the missed approach commences. Where possible, after considering terrain and course accuracy, the orientation of the entire final approach course will coincide with that part of the final approach course from the facility to the airport. Specific courses, both outbound and inbound, in degrees magnetic will be indicated on each procedure to avoid any confusion. There will be only one final approach course for any one procedure.

At some locations, due to terrain or other features, it may be advantageous for the final approach course between the fix, or the point where the procedure turn is completed, and the facility to differ from the final approach course between the facility and the airport. This difference will not normally exceed 30° and sufficient distance should be available to allow for proper bracketing. Example: When the final approach course is 350° from the facility to the airport, the final approach to the facility may be between 320° and 020°.

(i) *Final approach area.* The final approach area is the area prescribed for obstruction clearance on final approach.

(a) *Length.* The final approach area normally extends from the facility along the final approach course outbound for a distance of ten miles, and from the facility toward the airport for a distance equal to that from the facility to the airport.

(b) *Width.* From the facility to the airport, the final approach area extends laterally two miles each side of the final approach course. From the facility outbound, the final approach area extends two miles each side of the final approach course at the facility increasing uniformly to five miles each side of the final approach course at a distance of ten miles. Beyond ten miles the width remains constant five miles each side of the final approach course.

(c) *Position.* The final approach area is symmetrically located with respect to the final approach course.

(ii) *Altitudes—(a) From completion of procedure turn to facility.* The altitude over the facility on final approach will be based on the assumption that the procedure turn is completed within ten miles of the facility. For that portion of the final approach area located within ten miles outbound from the facility, an obstruction clearance of at least 500 feet will be provided. When the procedure turn is completed more than ten miles from the facility, the final approach altitude will be the same as that authorized for the procedure turn until within ten miles of the facility. Altitudes in the final approach area between completion of the procedure turn and the facility will be shown to the nearest 100-foot intervals (i. e., 1,349 feet will be indicated as 1,300 feet; 1,350 feet will be indicated as 1,400 feet)

(b) *From a reliable fix to facility.* For each procedure there may be one direction from which the initial approach may become the final approach with the resulting- elimination of a procedure turn. This may be accomplished only if such an approach is from a fan marker or other reliable fix so situated on the final approach course and close enough to the facility that it may be reasonably considered as assisting the final approach in its true sense. The distance from the fix to the facility will not exceed ten miles. The final approach altitude will provide at least 1,000 feet clearance up to the fix, and at least 500 feet clearance from the fix to the facility within the final approach area.

(c) *From facility to airport—(1) Within seven miles.* For that portion of the final approach area lying between the facility and the airport, a minimum obstruction clearance of at least 300 feet will be provided when the facility is located up to and including seven miles from the airport.

(2) *Over seven miles but not more than ten miles.* For that portion of the final approach area lying between the facility and the airport, a minimum obstruction clearance of at least 400 feet will be provided when the facility is located over seven miles but not more than ten miles from the airport.

(3) *Over ten miles but not more than twelve miles.* For that portion of the final approach area lying between the facility and the airport, a minimum obstruction clearance of at least 500 feet will be provided when the facility is located over ten miles but not more than twelve miles from the airport.

(4) *Over twelve miles.* When the facility is located more than twelve miles from the airport, operations will be conducted in accordance with visual flight rules from the facility to the airport.

(iii) *Magnetic course from facility to airport.* The magnetic courses used for approaches will always be computed at the respective facility site using the variation value of the isogonic line nearest the facility. When plotting the magnetic course from the facility to the airport, two conditions will be considered. Where the bearing from the facility to the end of the runway to be used does not diverge more than 30° from the direction of that runway, and a reasonable rate of descent is possible, the magnetic course shown will correspond to that of the bearing from the facility to the approach end of the runway, and a straight-in approach may be authorized. Where this condition is not possible, the magnetic course from the facility toward the approximate center of the airport landing area will be shown. This bearing will be that which bisects the angle formed by two straight lines extending from the facility to the outer ends of the airport runways.

(iv) *Distance from facility to airport.* The distance from the facility to the airport is normally measured on a straight line along the magnetic course from the facility to the approach end of the runway. If, however, a straight-in approach cannot be authorized by application of subdivision (iii) of this subparagraph, the distance will be measured along the magnetic course from the facility to the first point of intersection of the course with any runway on the airport. At airports where no runways exist, the distance will be measured along the magnetic course to the point of intersection with the nearest boundary of the landing area.

(6) *Missed approach procedure.* A missed approach procedure will be formulated and approved for use when necessary. The recovery will be made normally on a course which most nearly approximates a continuation of the final approach course after due consideration of obstructions, terrain, and other factors influencing the safety of the operation. A missed approach will be initiated (one) at the point where the aircraft has descended to authorized landing minimums at a specified distance from the facility if visual contact is not established, or (two) if the landing has not been accomplished, or (three) when directed by Air Traffic Control. Time limitations will not be used due to the variations in the approach speed of different types of aircraft.

(i) *Altitudes.* The altitude to which the flight will proceed in execution of a missed approach will provide at least 1,000 feet clearance above all obstructions within five miles on each side of the missed approach course for a distance of 25 miles.

(ii) *Alternate missed approach procedure.* Consideration will be given to the establishment of an alternate missed approach procedure only when such a procedure will facilitate the handling of air traffic. Alternate missed approach procedures will be made known to the appropriate air traffic control personnel, and will be included under the missed approach item of the instrument approach procedure.

(b) *TVOR procedures determination—(1) General.* TVOR procedures formulated in accordance with these criteria are prescribed in § 609.15 (b)

(i) *Deviations.* Adherence to criteria outlined herein will normally be required in all procedures; however, if any deviation is necessary, a note will be included on the procedure outlining such deviation. No deviation will be made in the obstruction clearance criteria for the final approach area.

(ii) *Number of procedures established.* There will be established only one straight-in approach procedure for each runway at a given airport under the conditions set forth in subparagraph (4) of this paragraph. The procedures will be identified by the abbreviation TVOR followed by the number used to identify the runway to which the approach is established. Example: TVOR–3 (The approach established for Runway 3)

(2) *Initial approach to TVOR station.* Initial approaches to the TVOR station will normally be made over specified routes. This information will not be specified on the procedure since this information is available from other sources. Initial approaches, however, will be specified for transitions from reliable fixes located not more than 25 miles from the TVOR station which afford a reduction from the published minimum en route altitude. TVOR signal strength on such transitions must be adequate to provide reliable course line indications.

(i) *Altitudes.* The altitudes to the TVOR station will correspond with those established for minimum en route operations in the particular area, except where a transition altitude has been established for an initial approach from a reliable fix. The transition altitude will be specified on the procedure and will provide at least 1,000 feet clearance above all obstructions within an area five miles on each side of the course from the fix. All altitudes will be indicated to the nearest 100 feet (i. e., 1,149 feet will be indicated as 1,100 feet; 1,150 feet will be indicated as 1,200 feet, etc.)

(3) *Shuttle.* Where necessary, a shuttle between two fixes or within a specified distance of the TVOR station will be prescribed to allow for descent after initial approach and prior to commencement of the final approach. Vertical and lateral clearance will be provided as in the case of the initial approach.

(4) *Final approach course.* Only one final approach course for a straight-in approach will be established for any one procedure, and it will be expressed in

degrees magnetic on the procedure. The final approach course will be a course which intersects the center-line of the runway at the approach end of the runway, or intersects the extended centerline of the runway at a specified distance from the approach end of the runway. The final approach course will be established only under the following conditions:

(i) *Signal strength.* The signal strength of the TVOR station must provide reliable course indications over the entire final approach area and for at least 200 feet below the minimum final approach altitude.

(ii) *Interception angle and runway distance.* The distances between the approach end of the runway and the interception point of the selected final approach course with the runway centerline extended shall not be less than those shown for the corresponding angles of interception.

Angle:	*Distance (statute miles)*
0°	0.
6°	Minimum ¼ mile.
12°	Minimum ½ mile.
18°	Minimum ¾ mile.
24°	Minimum 1 mile.
30°	Minimum 1¼ miles.

An interpolation of the angles and distances given above should be applied at a ratio of 24° to one statute mile (28° to one nautical mile) Straight-in approaches will not be established requiring angles of interception of more than 30° Moreover, local conditions such as thickly populated areas, hazardous obstructions, etc., will be considered in the selection of the courses to be used for final approach (see fig. 1)

(5) *Outbound course.* The term "outbound course" is defined as the reciprocal of the final approach course to the TVOR station. The distance flown along the outbound course will not normally exceed that necessary for completion of a procedure turn within the maneuvering area.

(6) *Maneuvering area.* The maneuvering area is the area prescribed for obstruction clearance on the outbound course and for the procedure turn.

(i) *Length.* The maneuvering area extends from the TVOR station outward along the outbound course for a distance of ten miles.

(ii) *Width.* The maneuvering area extends laterally ten miles on the maneuvering side and five miles on the opposite side of the outbound course. The maneuvering side of this area is normally to the left of the outbound course.

(iii) *Position.* The sides of the maneuvering area are paralled to the outbound course and the ends are at right angles thereto.

(7) *Procedure turn.* Procedure turns will be established and specified in TVOR procedures. Normally, a procedure turn involves an initial left turn away from the outbound course, followed by a turn to the right toward and intercepting the final approach course. Direction of the turn will be specified as north, south, east or west side of the outbound course. This type of turn will be standard whenever terrain, obstructions, and traffic will permit. The degree of turn and the point at which the turn will be made is left to the discretion of the pilot, but the maneuver will be completed within the maneuvering area at or above the altitude established to provide the required obstruction clearance. A specified procedure turn need not be made when the final approach course can be established from a suitable fix or from an established holding pattern.

(i) *Altitudes.* A minimum altitude will be established for the procedure turn and will normally provide an obstruction clearance of 1,000 feet within the maneuvering area.

(ii) *Deviations.* When the procedure turn cannot be made on the left side of the outbound course due to unusually high obstructions or for other valid reasons, the turn will be made on the right side of the course and a note explaining the deviation will be included in the procedure.

(8) *Final approach.* The term "final approach" is defined as beginning at a reliable fix from which a straight-in approach has been authorized or beginning at the point where the procedure turn is completed and the aircraft is headed back toward the TVOR station, and ending at the TVOR station.

(i) *Final aproach area.* The final approach area is the area prescribed for obstruction clearance on final approach.

(*a*) *Length.* The final approach area extends from the TVOR station outward along the final approach course for a distance of ten miles, when the final approach is not conducted from a reliable fix.

(*1*) When the final aproach is conducted from a reliable fix, the final approach area extends from the TVOR station outward along the final approach course to the fix.

(*b*) *Width.* The final approach area extends laterally two miles each side of the final approach course at the TVOR station, increasing uniformly to five miles each side of the final approach course at a distance of ten miles from the TVOR station, when the final approach is not conducted from a reliable fix.

(*1*) When the final approach is conducted from a reliable fix, the final approach area extends laterally two miles

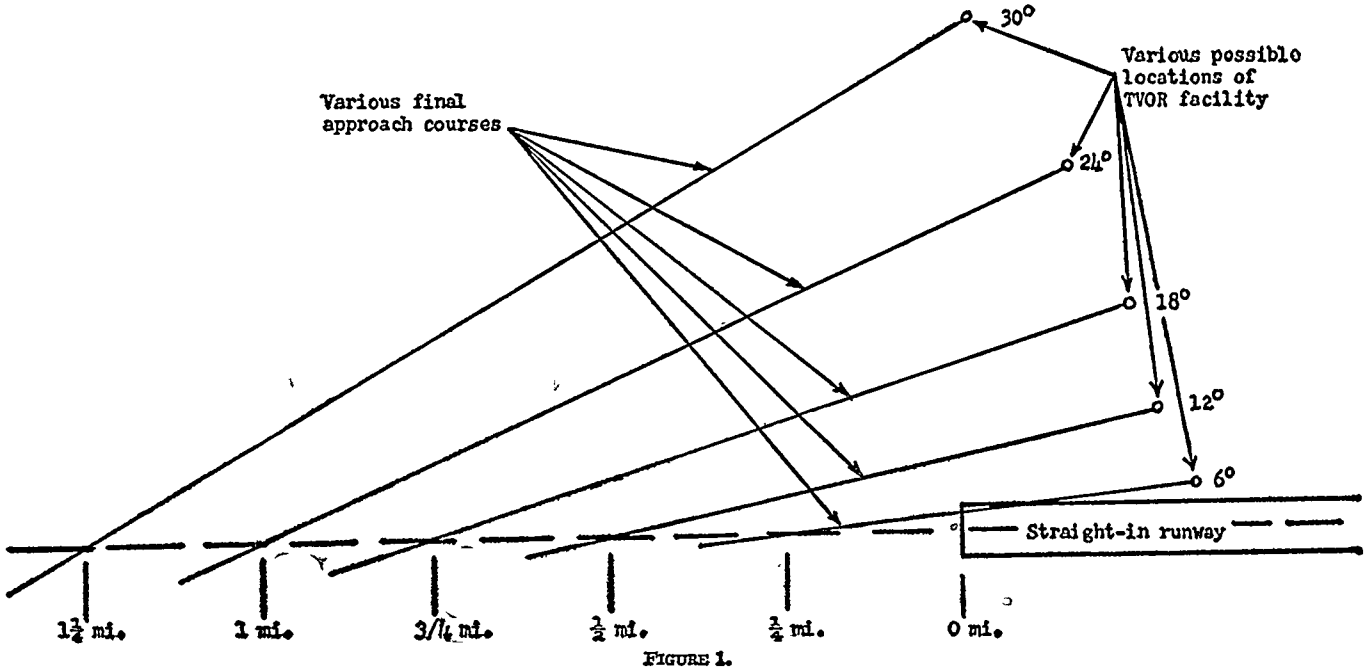

FIGURE 1.

each side of the final approach course from the fix to the TVOR station.

(c) *Position.* The final approach area is symmetrically located with respect to the final approach course.

(ii) *Altitudes—(a) From procedure turn.* A minimum altitude will be established for the final approach from completion of procedure turn which will provide an obstruction clearance of at least 400 feet within the final approach area. This altitude will be shown to the nearest 100-foot interval (i. e., 449 feet will be indicated as 400 feet; 450 feet will be indicated as 500 feet, etc.)

(b) *From a reliable fix.* A straight-in approach may be authorized from a reliable fix located ten miles or less from the TVOR station. In such cases a minimum altitude will be established for the final approach course which will provide obstruction clearance within that portion of the final approach area between the fix and the TVOR station.

(1) *Within seven miles.* When the fix is located up to and including seven miles from the TVOR station, the minimum obstruction clearance will be 300 feet.

(2) *Over seven miles but not more than ten miles.* When the fix is located over seven miles but not more than ten miles from the TVOR station, the minimum obstruction clearance will be 400 feet.

(9) *Missed approach procedure.* A missed approach procedure will be formulated and approved for use when necessary. The missed approach course will be one which most nearly approximates a continuation of the final approach course after due consideration of obstructions, terrain, and other factors influencing the safety of the operation. The missed approach will be initiated (one) when directed by Air Traffic Control, or (two) at the TVOR station if visual contact is not established or the landing not accomplished.

(i) *Altitude.* The altitude to which the flight will proceed in execution of a missed approach will provide at least 1,000 feet clearance above all obstructions within five miles on each side of the missed approach course for a distance of 25 miles.

(ii) *Alternate missed approach procedures.* Consideration will be given to the establishment of an alternate missed approach procedure only when such a procedure will facilitate the handling of air traffic. Alternate missed approach procedures will be made known to the appropriate air traffic control personnel, and will be included under the missed approach item of the instrument approach procedure.

(Sec. 205, 54 Stat. 984, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 425. Interpret or apply sec. 601, 52 Stat. 1007, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 551)

This amendment shall become effective April 30, 1953.

[SEAL] F. B. LEE,
Acting Administrator of Civil Aeronautics.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2110; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:45 a. m.]

TITLE 32—NATIONAL DEFENSE

Chapter XIV—The Renegotiation Board

Subchapter A—Military Renegotiation Regulations Under the 1948 Act

PART 1424—DETERMINATION AND ELIMINATION OF EXCESSIVE PROFITS

RECOVERY BY VOLUNTARY REPAYMENT

This part is amended by deleting § 1424.422-3 *Interest* in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

§ 1424.422-3 *Interest—(a) In general.* Except as set forth in this paragraph, and in the absence of unusual circumstances, renegotiation agreements will not provide for the payment of interest on any refund of excessive profits.

(b) *Installment payments.* When a renegotiation agreement provides for a refund of excessive profits in installments, the agreement will require the payment of interest at the rate of 6 per centum per annum upon the amount of any such installment (other than the first installment payable under the agreement) which is provided to be paid more than two years after the close of the fiscal year to which the agreement relates, such interest to accrue and be payable from and after the date which is two years after the last day of the fiscal year to which the agreement relates, or from and after the date on which the first installment is due and payable, whichever is later.

(c) *Default.* In cases of default, interest at the rate of 6 per centum per annum shall accrue and be paid on any amount due and unpaid under a renegotiation agreement from the date of such default to the date of payment. Such interest shall accrue and be paid whether or not the agreement contains a provision for the payment of interest.

(Sec. 109, 65 Stat. 22; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 1219)

Dated: March 12, 1953.

NATHAN BASS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2330; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:49 a. m.]

Subchapter B—Renegotiation Board Regulations Under the 1951 Act

PART 1453—MANDATORY EXEMPTIONS FROM RENEGOTIATION

LIST OF EXEMPT RAW MATERIALS

The amendment set forth below is a revision of the Raw Materials Exemption List providing for the inclusion of blast furnace slag as an aggregate, clarifying the exemption of the chemical elements of salt, and making several changes with respect to materials used in the production of refractories. The following items, which can be found in alphabetical order on the List below, reflect the changes made:

Aggregates, etc.
China clay, etc.
Chlorine, etc.
Refractories, etc.
Salt, etc.

NOTE: Since exempt refractories minerals are included under a single item on the revised List, reference to refractories is deleted under the separate items relating to chromium and zirconium, and the separate items relating to diaspore and kyanite are deleted in their entirety.

This part is amended by deleting § 1453.2 (b) (3) in its entirety, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(3) *List of exempt raw materials.* (i) The Board has determined that the following products are exempt under section 106 (a) (3) of the act and subparagraph (2) of this paragraph when they represent products of a mine, oil or gas well, or other mineral or natural deposit, or timber, which have not been processed, refined or treated beyond the first form or state suitable for industrial use, and are not exempt if manufactured from raw materials which do not fall within the above description or which have at some prior stage been processed, refined or treated beyond such first form or state suitable for industrial use. For example, magnesium or salt products derived from sea water, products manufactured from the atmosphere, secondary aluminum pigs and ingots, and other similar products are not considered exempted products.

(ii) This list is not intended to be comprehensive but is being promulgated as a guide to contractors in completing the Standard Form of Contractor's Report, prescribed in § 1470.3 (a) of this subchapter. The Board may from time to time add to the list, or revise it if errors are found.

RAW MATERIALS EXEMPTION LIST

Aggregates, including such items as washed or screened sand, gravel, crushed stone, and blast furnace slag.
Alumina; aluminum sulphate; aluminum ingots and pigs.
Asphalt, natural and natural tar.
Antimony ore, crude; antimony ore, concentrated; antimony metal; antimony oxide; antimony sulphide; liquated antimony.
Arsenic, crude; arsenic powder; arsenious oxide (white arsenic).
Asbestos rock; asbestos fibre.
Barytes, crude crushed.
Bauxite crude; calcined or dried bauxite; bauxite abrasive grains.
Bentonite, dried, crushed, granulated and pulverized.
Beryl ore and concentrates; beryllium oxide; beryllium metal; beryllium master alloys.
Bismuth metal.
Borax.
Cadmium flue dust; cadmium oxide; metallic cadmium.
Celestite, ores and concentrates.
Cement, natural and Portland.
China clay; kaolin; low refractory clays, and brick and tile made from low refractory clays, including ladle brick, common brick, and building brick.
Chlorine, hydrogen, sodium hydroxide or potassium hydroxide and metallic sodium, produced directly by electrolysis of salt or brine.
Chromium ore and ferrochrome; bichromates.
Coal, prepared; run-of-mine coal.
Cobalt oxide; cobalt anodes, shot and rondelles.
Columbium ore and concentrates; columbium oxide, ferrocolumbium.
Copper ore, crude; copper ore, concentrated; copper matte; blister copper, copper billets, unrefined anodes, cathodes, cakes, ingots, ingot bars, powder, slabs and wirebars.

Corundum ore and concentrates; corundum grain.
Cryolite ore and concentrates.
Diatomaceous silica, lump, block, brick and powder.
Dolomite; crushed dolomite.
Feldspar, crude and ground.
Ferrosilicon.
Fluorspar ore; fluorspar fluxing gravel; lump ceramic ground fluorspar; acid grades of fluorspar.
Fuller's earth.
Gas, natural, not processed or treated further than the processing or treating customarily occurring at or near the well.
Germanium chloride, germanium oxide.
Graphite ore and concentrates; flake graphite; graphite fines, lump and chip; graphite powder.
Gypsum, crude; calcined gypsum.
Indium metal.
Industrial diamonds.
Iridium metal, including ingot and powder.
Iron ore, crude; pig iron.
Iron pyrites, ores and concentrates.
Lead ore; refined lead bars, ingots and pigs; antimonial lead bars, ingots and pigs.
Lime, including quick lime.
Limestone, crushed limestone.
Lithium bearing ores and concentrates; lithium carbonate; lithium hydroxide, lithium chloride.
Magnesite; dead burned magnesite.
Magnesium-bearing minerals, including brucite; magnesium oxide; magnesium chloride; metallic magnesium, pigs and ingots.
Mercury ore, mercury metal.
Manganese ore; ferromanganese, including spiegeleisen, silicomanganese; metallic manganese.
Mesothorium.
Mica, crude, hand-cobbed; block mica; sheet mica; film mica; splittings; wet or dry ground mica.
Molybdenum ore and concentrates; molybdenum oxide; calcium molybdate; ferromolybdenum.
Monel ore; monel matte; monel ingots, pigs and shot, produced from monel matte.
Natural gasoline; casinghead gasoline; residue gas.
Nickel ore and concentrates; nickel matte; nickel oxide; nickel ingots, cathodes and shot; nickel metal powder.
Oil, crude, not processed or treated further than the processing or treating customarily occurring at or near the well.
Osmium metal, including ingot and powder.
Palladium metal, including ingot and powder.
Phosphate rock; elemental phosphorus, ferrophosphorus; phosphorus pentoxide and phosphoric acid derived directly by treatment of phosphate rock; superphosphate.
Platinum ore and concentrates; platinum metal, including ingot and powder.
Pumice, lump.
Quartz crystal, raw.
Radium bromide; radium sulfate; radium gas.
Rare earth minerals, rare earth products; didymium (neodymium) carbonate; lanthanum oxide; neodymium oxalate; rare earth chloride, technical; rare earth nitrate.
Refractories minerals—The following refractories minerals, or any combination of them, not processed beyond the form or state suitable for use as a refractory: Bauxite; chromite; clays—kaolin, hard or flint clay, semi-hard or semi-flint clay; refractory siliceous clay, refractory plastic clay; diaspore and diasporitic clay; kyanite; olivine; silica ganister and zirconium.
Rhodium metal, including ingot and powder.
Ruthenium metal, including ingot and powder.
Salt, rock; evaporated salt; soda ash, ammonia and caustic soda and bicarbonate of soda when derived directly by treatment of salt or brine.
Sea shells; oyster shells; clam and reef shells.
Selenium metal.
Silver, refined, including bars, shot, powder and grains.
Sodium aluminate.
Stone, rough and dimension.
Sulfur, crude.
Sulphuric acid; oleum (other than sulfuric acid or oleum produced from crude sulfur or any other product having an industrial use).
Standing timber, logs, logs sawed into length, and logs with or without bark.
Talc, crude lump, ground and sawed.
Tantalum ore and concentrates; tantalum double fluoride.
Tellurium metal.
Thorium nitrate.
Tin ore and concentrates; refined pig tin.
Titanium-bearing ores and concentrates, including ilmenite and rutile; titanium oxide; metallic titanium; ferrotitanium; ferro carbon titanium; titanium potassium oxalate.
Tungsten ore and concentrates; sodium tungstate; ferro-tungsten, metallic tungsten, including powder; tungstic oxide, tungstic acid.
Uranium ores and concentrates; uranium oxide.
Vanadium ores and concentrates; sodium vanadate; vanadium pentoxide; ferrovanadium.
Vermiculite ore, crude, crushed and expanded.
Whiting, chalk lump.
Zeolites derived from glauconite.
Zinc ores and concentrates; zinc anodes, bars, oxide, powder and slabs.
Zirconium concentrates; metallic zirconium.

(Sec. 109, 65 Stat. 22; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 1219)

Dated: March 12, 1953.

NATHAN BASS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2331; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:49 a. m.]

PART 1461—RECOVERY OF EXCESSIVE PROFITS AFTER DETERMINATION

RECOVERY OF REFUND PURSUANT TO AGREEMENT

This part is amended by deleting paragraph (c) *Interest* of § 1461.2, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(c) *Interest*—(1) *In general.* Except as set forth in this paragraph, and in the absence of unusual circumstances, renegotiation agreements will not provide for the payment of interest on any refund of excessive profits.

(2) *Installment payments.* When a renegotiation agreement provides for a refund of excessive profits in installments, the agreement will require the payment of interest at the rate of 4 per centum per annum upon the amount of any such installment (other than the first installment payable under the agreement) which is provided to be paid more than two years after the close of the fiscal year to which the agreement relates, such interest to accrue and be payable from and after the date which is two years after the last day of the fiscal year to which the agreement relates, or from and after the date on which the first installment is due and payable, whichever is later.

(3) *Default.* Pursuant to section 105 (b) (2) of the act, in cases of default, interest at the rate of 4 per centum per annum shall accrue and be paid on any amount due and unpaid under a renegotiation agreement from the date of such default to the date of payment. Such interest shall accrue and be paid whether or not the agreement contains a provision for the payment of interest.

(Sec. 109, 65 Stat. 22; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 1219)

Dated: March 12, 1953.

NATHAN BASS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2332; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:49 a. m.]

Chapter XVI—Selective Service System

[Amdt. 45]

PART 1670—RECORDS ADMINISTRATION IN FEDERAL RECORD DEPOTS

SUPPLYING INFORMATION FROM RECORDS

The Selective Service Regulations are hereby amended as follows:

1. Subparagraphs (3), (4) (9) and (11) of paragraph (b) of § 1670.31 are amended to read as follows:

§ 1670.31 *Supplying information to Federal agencies and officials.* * * *

(b) * * *

(3) *Department of the Army.* The Department of the Army may obtain such information upon the request of (i) the Administrative Assistant to the Secretary of the Army, (ii) the Executive Officer or the Secretary-Recorder of the Army Discharge Review Board, Washington, D. C., (iii) the Assistant Secretary-Recorder of the Army Discharge Review Board, St. Louis, Missouri, (iv) the Chairman of the Army Board on Correction of Military Records, (v) the Chief, Security Group, Intelligence Division, General Staff, United States Army, (vi) Personnel of the Counter Intelligence Corps, United States Army, (vii) the Adjutant General, (viii) the Chief, Demobilized Personnel Records Branch, Office of the Adjutant General, (ix) the Chief, Repatriation Records Branch, Office of the Quartermaster General, (x) the Chief, Personnel Branch, National Guard Bureau, (xi) the Adjutant General, Headquarters, First Army, (xii) the Executive Officer, Military Personnel Procurement Division, Headquarters, Second Army, (xiii) the Records Administrator, Headquarters, Third Army, (xiv) the Adjutant General, Headquarters, Fourth Army, (xv) the Selective Service Liaison Officer, Headquarters, Fifth Army, (xvi) the Adjutant General, Headquarters, Sixth Army, (xvii) the Adjutant General, Headquarters, Military District of Washington, (xviii) the Executive Officer, Army Finance Center, (xix) an Agent of the Criminal Investigation Division, Office of the Provost Marshal General, (xx) a Provost Marshal or an Agent of the Criminal Investigation Division of the Military District of Washington or of the First, Second, Third,

Fourth, Fifth or Sixth Army, or (xxi) the Adjutant General, U. S. Army Pacific.

(4) *Department of Labor* The Department of Labor may obtain such information upon the request of (i) the Secretary of Labor, (ii) the Director, the Liaison Officer, a Field Representative, or an Assistant Field Representative, Bureau of Veterans' Reemployment Rights, or (iii) the Director, the Medical Director, a Deputy Director, the Chief Investigator, an Investigator, a Deputy Commissioner in Charge of a Compensation District in the Field, or an Assistant Deputy Commissioner, Bureau of Employees' Compensation.

* * * * *

(9) *Department of State.* The Department of State may obtain such information upon the request of (i) the Secretary of State, (ii) the Under Secretary of State for Administration, (iii) the Director, Office of Personnel, (iv) the Director of the Bureau of Security and Consular Affairs, (v) the Director or a Special Agent of the Office of Security, (vi) the Director of the Visa Office, (vii) the Director of the Passport Office, (viii) the Director of the Office of Protective Services, or (ix) the Assistant Legal Adviser for European Affairs.

* * * * *

(11) *Treasury Department.* The Treasury Department may obtain such information upon the request of (i) the Secretary of the Treasury, (ii) the Commissioner of Customs or a Supervising Customs Agent, (iii) the Chief or a Special Agent, United States Secret Service, (iv) the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, the Assistant Commissioner (Inspection) the Assistant Commissioner (Operations) a Director of Internal Revenue, a Chief Inspector, an Internal Revenue Inspector, or an Internal Revenue Agent, Bureau of Internal Revenue (v) the Commissioner or a District Supervisor, Bureau of Narcotics, or (vi) a Special Representative of the Office of the Chief Coordinator, Treasury Enforcement Agencies.

2. Subparagraphs (5) (6) and (44) of paragraph (b) of § 1670.32 are amended to read as follows:

§ 1670.32 *Supplying information to officials and agencies of States, the District of Columbia, Territories and possessions of the United States.* * * *

(b) * * *

(5) *State of California.* The officials of the State of California and its subdivisions authorized to obtain such information are (i) the Adjutant General, (ii) the Director and the Deputy Director, Department of Veterans' Affairs, (iii) the Chairman, Employment Stabilization Commission, (iv) the Chief of the Adult Division, the Director of Supervision, the Director of Investigations, the Probation Officers, and the Deputy Probation Officers, Los Angeles County Probation Office, and (v) the Senior Probation Officer and the Probation Officers, Youth Guidance Center, Probation Department of the Juvenile Court, City and County of San Francisco.

(6) *State of Colorado.* The officials of the State of Colorado authorized to obtain such information are (i) the Adjutant General, (ii) the Executive Director, State Employment Office, (iii) the Warden, State Reformatory, (iv) the Director, State Mental Hospital, (v) the General Secretary, State Prison Board, (vi) the Secretary and the General Counselor of the Legal Aid Society, (vii) the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, (viii) the Director, Department of Public Welfare, (ix) the District Attorney of the Second Judicial District, and (x) the Executive Director and the Assistant Directors, State Department of Parole.

* * * * *

(44) *State of Tennessee.* The officials of the State of Tennessee authorized to obtain such information are (i) the Adjutant General, (ii) the Commissioner, Department of Employment Security, and (iii) the Director, Department of Veterans' Affairs.

(Secs. 6, 7, 61 Stat. 32; sec. 10, 62 Stat. 618, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. 326, 327, 460)

The foregoing amendment to the Selective Service Regulations shall be effective immediately upon the filing hereof with the Division of the Federal Register.

[SEAL] LEWIS B. HERSHEY,
Director of Selective Service.

MARCH 12, 1953.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2362; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:53 a. m.]

TITLE 32A—NATIONAL DEFENSE, APPENDIX

Chapter XXI—Office of Rent Stabilization, Economic Stabilization Agency

[Rent Regulation 1, Amdt. 41 to Schedule B]

[Rent Regulation 2, Amdt. 42 to Schedule B]

RR 1—HOUSING

RR 2—ROOMS IN ROOMING HOUSES AND OTHER ESTABLISHMENTS

SCHEDULE B—SPECIFIC PROVISIONS RELATING TO INDIVIDUAL DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS OR PORTIONS THEREOF

INDIANA

Effective March 16, 1953, Rent Regulation 1 and Rent Regulation 2 are amended as set forth below.

(Sec. 204, 61 Stat. 197, as amended; 60 U. S. C. App. Sup. 1894)

Issued this 12th day of March 1953.

WILLIAM G. BARR,
Acting Director of Rent Stabilization.

1. Item 86 is added to Schedule B of Rent Regulation 1—Housing, reading as follows:

86. Provisions relating to the South Bend, Indiana, Defense-Rental Area (Item 108 of Schedule A).

With respect to housing accommodations in the South Bend, Indiana, Defense-Rental Area, section 141 of this regulation is changed to read as follows:

SEC. 141. *Alternate adjustment for increases in costs and prices.* The present maximum rent for the housing accommodation does not equal (1) 130 percent of the maximum rent in effect on June 30, 1947, or 130 percent of the maximum rent for comparable housing accommodations on June 30, 1947, if no maximum rent was in effect on that date; (2) plus or minus any increases or decreases in maximum rent ordered after June 30, 1947, under this regulation for major capital improvements or increases or decreases in living space, services, furniture, furnishings or equipment or substantial deterioration. The adjustment under this section shall be in an amount sufficient to cause the maximum rent to equal (1) 130 percent of the maximum rent in effect on June 30, 1947, for the housing accommodations or comparable housing accommodations, whichever is applicable; (2) plus or minus appropriate increases or decreases in rental value, if any, as specified herein: *Provided, however,* That the Director shall give appropriate consideration to orders issued under sections 157 or 162 decreasing maximum rents which were in effect on June 30, 1947. Adjustments under this section shall be effective automatically upon the filing of the petition if a maximum rent was in effect on June 30, 1947. In all other cases, they shall not be effective until the order is issued by the Director. All provisions of this regulation insofar as they are applicable to the territory to which this item of Schedule B relates are amended to the extent necessary to carry into effect the provisions of this item of Schedule B.

2. Item 97 is added to Schedule B of Rent Regulation 2—Rooms, reading as follows:

97. Provisions relating to the South Bend, Indiana, Defense-Rental Area (Item 108 of Schedule A).

With respect to housing accommodations in the South Bend, Indiana, Defense-Rental Area, section 138 is added to this regulation to read as follows:

SEC. 138. *Alternate adjustment for increases in costs and prices.* The present maximum rent for the room does not equal (1) 130 percent of the maximum rent in effect on June 30, 1947, or 130 percent of the maximum rent for comparable rooms on June 30, 1947, if no maximum rent was in effect on that date; (2) plus or minus any increases or decreases in maximum rent ordered after June 30, 1947, under this regulation for major capital improvements or increases or decreases in living space, services, furniture, furnishings or equipment or substantial deterioration. The adjustment under this section shall be in an amount sufficient to cause the maximum rent to equal (1) 130 percent of the maximum rent in effect on June 30, 1947 for the room or comparable rooms, whichever is applicable; (2) plus or minus appropriate increases or decreases in rental value, if any, as specified herein: *Provided, however,* That the Director shall give appropriate consideration to orders issued under sections 157 or 160 decreasing maximum rents which were in effect on June 30, 1947. Adjustments under this section shall be effective automatically upon the filing of the petition if a maximum rent was in effect on June 30, 1947. In all other cases, they shall not be effective until the order is issued by the Director. All provisions of this regulation insofar as they are applicable to the territory to which this item of Schedule B relates are amended to the extent necessary to carry into effect the provisions of this item of Schedule B.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2361; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:53 a. m.]

Chapter XXIII—Defense Materials Procurement Agency

[MO-1, Revocation]

MO-1—DESIGNATION OF SCARCE MATERIAL

REVOCATION

Mineral Order-1 (16 F. R. 85) is hereby revoked.

This revocation does not relieve any person of obligation or liability incurred under Mineral Order-1 prior to the effective date hereof.

(Sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended, 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154)

This revocation shall be effective as of the date hereof.

Dated: March 12, 1953.

HOWARD I. YOUNG,
Deputy Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2408; Filed, Mar. 13, 1953; 4:22 p. m.]

TITLE 39—POSTAL SERVICE

Chapter I—Post Office Department

PART 53—SPECIAL DELIVERY

MANNER OF DELIVERY OR OTHER DISPOSITION

In § 53.15 *Manner of delivery or other disposition* amend paragraph (d) by striking out the second sentence and by inserting in lieu thereof the following sentence: "If the article, the delivery of which has been attempted, is a registered, insured, or c. o. d. piece, or is marked or known to be perishable, the messenger shall indicate its character on the face of Form 3955, together with the registered, insured, or c. o. d. number."

(R. S. 161, 396; sec. 2, 24 Stat. 221, secs. 304, 309, 42 Stat. 24, 25; 5 U. S. C. 22, 369, 39 U. S. C. 171)

[SEAL] ROY C. FRANK,
Solicitor

[F. R. Doc. 53-2329; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:48 a. m.]

TITLE 47—TELECOMMUNICATION

Chapter I—Federal Communications Commission

PART 1—PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE

REQUEST FOR MODIFICATION OF BROADCAST STATION AUTHORIZATION (REMOTE CONTROL)

In the matter of amendment of the Commission's Statement of Delegation of Authority to provide authorization for the Chief of the Broadcast Bureau to act upon applications filed by existing licensees or permittees for remote control of broadcast stations, and the amendment of Part 1 (Practice and Procedure) of the Commission's rules and regulations, to provide for the use of FCC Form 301-A.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 3d day of March 1953;

The Commission having under consideration the processing of applications filed with it by existing broadcast licensees or permittees for remote control operation of broadcast stations;

It appearing, that it would facilitate the prompt and orderly handling of the Commission's business to delegate to the Chief of the Broadcast Bureau authority to act upon such applications; and

It further appearing, that it is desirable to have an appropriate form upon which application can be made by existing licensees or permittees for remote control operation; and

It further appearing, that notice of proposed rule making and public rule making procedure in accordance with section 4 (a) of the Administrative Procedure Act is unnecessary since the rules herein relate to internal Commission organization and procedure;

It is ordered, That pursuant to the authority conferred by section 5 (d) (1) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, effective March 6, 1953, authority is delegated to the Chief, Broadcast Bureau, to act upon applications from existing licensees or permittees for remote control of broadcast stations in accordance with the provisions of §§ 3.66, 3.274 and 3.572 of the rules; and

It is further ordered, That Part 1 (Practice and Procedure) of the Commission's rules and regulations is amended by the addition of the following new section:

§ 1.309 *FCC Form 301-A, Request for Modification of Broadcast Station Authorization (Remote control)* For use by existing broadcast licensees or permittees applying for permit to operate a broadcast station from a remote control point.

(Sec. 4, 48 Stat. 1066, as amended; 47 U. S. C. 154. Interprets or applies sec. 5, 48 Stat. 1068, as amended; U. S. C. 155)

Released: March 4, 1953.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2315; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:46 a. m.]

[Docket No. 10348]

PART 8—STATIONS ON SHIPBOARD IN THE MARITIME SERVICE

CERTAIN FREQUENCIES FOR SHIP RADIOTELEGRAPHY

In the matter of amendment of Part 8 of the Commission's rules regarding frequencies for ship radiotelegraphy in the band between 22000 and 22400 kc., Docket No. 10348.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 4th day of March 1953

The Commission having under consideration its proposals in the above-entitled matter and

It appearing, that in accordance with the requirements of section 4 (a) of the Administrative Procedure Act, notice of proposed rule making in this matter, which made provision for the submission of written comments by interested parties, was duly published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on November 29, 1952 (17 F R. 10829) and that the period for the filing of comments has now expired; and

It further appearing, that no comments on the proposed amendments have been filed; and

It further appearing, that since the requirements contained in the rules amendments herein ordered will expressly not become applicable until June 3, 1953, compliance with the provisions of paragraph 4 (c) of the Administrative Procedure Act will serve no useful purpose; and

It further appearing, that the public interest, convenience, and necessity will be served by the amendments herein ordered, the authority for which is contained in section 303 (c) (f) and (r) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended;

It is ordered, That, effective immediately, Part 8 of the Commission's rules is amended as set forth below.

(Sec. 4, 48 Stat. 1066, as amended; 47 U. S. C. 154. Interprets or applies sec. 303, 48 Stat. 1082, as amended; 47 U. S. C. 303)

Released: March 5, 1953.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

1. Section 8.321 (a) (1) is amended by adding the phrase "Not available after June 3, 1953," after each of the following frequencies in kilocycles listed therein:

22080	Calling	22110	22140
22100		22120	

2. Section 8.321 (a) (2) is amended to read as follows:

(2) Each of the specific frequencies in kilocycles designated in this subparagraph may be authorized as an assigned working frequency exclusively for use by ship stations (public or limited) on board passenger ships and by aircraft stations for communication with stations of the maritime mobile service, when such ship and aircraft stations employ telegraphy in accordance with the provisions of Subpart E of this part: *Provided,* That subsequent to June 3, 1953, these frequencies shall be assigned to individual stations in conformity with the applicable provisions of Appendix 3 to this part:

22085	22115	22145	22165
22095	22125	22155	22175
22105	22135		

3. Section 8.321 (a) (3) is amended to read as follows:

(3) Each of the specific frequencies in kilocycles designated in this subparagraph may be authorized as an assigned working frequency exclusively for use by ship stations (public or limited) on board cargo ships, when such stations employ telegraphy in accordance with the provisions of Subpart E of this part: *Provided,* That, subsequent to June 3, 1953, these frequencies shall be assigned to individual stations in conformity with the applicable provisions of Appendix 3 to this part:

Group A

22272.5	22287.5	22302.5	22317.5
22275	22290	22305	22320
22277.5	22292.5	22307.5	22322.5
22280	22295	22310	22325
22282.5	22297.5	22312.5	22327.5
22285	22300	22315	22330

Group B

22335	22350	22365	22380
22337.5	22352.5	22367.5	22382.5
22340	22355	22370	22385
22342.5	22357.5	22372.5	22387.5
22345	22360	22375	22390
22347.5	22362.5	22377.5	22392.5

3. Section 8.321 (a) (4) is amended to read as follows:

(4) Each of the specific frequencies in kilocycles designated in this subparagraph may be authorized as an assigned calling frequency exclusively for use by ship stations (public or limited) when such stations employ telegraphy in accordance with the provisions of Subpart E of this part: *Provided,* That, subsequent to June 3, 1953, these frequencies shall be assigned to individual stations in conformity with the applicable provisions of Appendix 3 of this part:

22230	22240	22255	22265
22235	22250	22260	

[F. R. Doc. 53-2316; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:46 a. m.]

PART 10—PUBLIC SAFETY RADIO SERVICES

PART 11—INDUSTRIAL RADIO SERVICES

PART 16—LAND TRANSPORTATION RADIO SERVICES

RADIO TRANSMITTER IDENTIFICATION

In the matter of amending §§ 10.157, 11.156 and 16.156 of the Commission's rules governing the Public Safety, the Industrial and the Land Transportation Radio Services, respectively.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 4th day of March 1953;

The Commission having under consideration requests from a number of licensees of radio stations operating under the provisions of Parts 10, 11 and 16 of the Rules governing the Public Safety, the Industrial and the Land Transportation Radio Services, respectively, to employ a plate reproduction of metal or other substantial material, in lieu of the Transmitter Identification Card (FCC Form No. 452–C, Revised) required by §§ 10.157, 11.156 and 16.156 to be attached to each mobile transmitter or associated control equipment, and under certain conditions to transmitters at fixed locations;

It appearing, that the present Form 452–C, Revised, being of paper, is easily damaged or mutilated, thereby requiring frequent replacement, and that a plate of metal or other substantial material bearing equivalent entries would serve the purposes of the aforementioned sections of the rules insofar as providing the information required for proper identification of the radio station licensee and the license under which a particular transmitter is operated;

It further appearing, that it normally would not be feasible to affix a signature to such a plate, and since such signature is not essential to the general purpose served by the identification card in that the name of the licensee and all other information will appear on the plate, the requirement for personal authentication may be dispensed with when such plates are used;

It further appearing, that since the proposed amendments are of minor effect and create an exemption, publication of notice of proposed rule making pursuant to section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act is unnecessary and the amendment may be made effective immediately and;

It further appearing, that authority for the proposed amendment is contained in section 303 (r) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended;

It is ordered, That effective immediately, §§ 10.157, 11.156 and 16.156 of the rules governing the Public Safety, Industrial and Land Transportation Radio Services are amended as set forth below.

(Sec. 4, 48 Stat. 1066, as amended; 47 U. S. C. 154. Interprets or applies sec. 303, 48 Stat. 1082, as amended; 47 U. S. C. 303)

Released: March 5, 1953.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

In § 10.157 add new paragraph (c) to read as follows:

(c) In lieu of the Transmitter Identification Card, FCC Form 452–C, Revised, as required by paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, a permittee or licensee may at his option employ a plate of metal or other substantial material which shall bear the title "Radio Transmitter Identification," and shall clearly display all the information required to be shown on the FCC Form 452–C, Revised, with the exception of the signature.

In § 11.156 add new paragraph (c) to read as follows:

(c) In lieu of the Transmitter Identification Card, FCC Form 452–C, Revised, as required by paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, a permittee or licensee may at his option employ a plate of metal or other substantial material which shall bear the title "Radio Transmitter Identification," and shall clearly display all the information required to be shown on the FCC Form 452–C, Revised, with the exception of the signature.

In § 16.156 Add new paragraph (c) to read as follows:

(c) In lieu of the Transmitter Identification Card, FCC Form 452–C, Revised, as required by paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, a permittee or licensee may at his option employ a plate of metal or other substantial material which shall bear the title "Radio Transmitter Identification," and shall clearly display all the information required to be shown on the FCC Form 452–C, Revised, with the exception of the signatures.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2317; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:46 a. m.]

PROPOSED RULE MAKING

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[47 CFR Part 3]

[Docket No. 10420]

RADIO BROADCAST SERVICES

CONELRAD PLAN

In the matter of amendment of Part 3 of the Commission's rules and regulations to effectuate the Commission's CONELRAD Plan for broadcast stations; Docket No. 10420.

The Commission has before it its CONELRAD Plan for broadcasting which was concurred in by the Secretary of Defense and the Chairman of the National Security Resources Board (NSRB). This Plan was developed in conjunction with the Department of Defense and the Federal Civil Defense Administration to permit the broadcast of vital information during periods of air attack or imminent threat thereof. In order to put this Plan into effect it is necessary to modify Part 3 of the Commission's rules and regulations as set forth below.

These proposed amendments are promulgated by the authority of sections 303 (r) and 606 (c) of the Communications Act and Executive Order 10312 signed by the President December 10, 1951.

Any interested party who is of the opinion that the proposed amendment should not be adopted or should not be adopted in the form set forth herein may file on or before March 24, 1953, a written statement or brief setting forth his comments. Comments in support of the proposed amendment may also be filed on or before the same date. Comments or briefs in reply to the original comments may be filed within one week from the last day for filing said original comments or briefs. The Commission will consider all such comments that are submitted before taking action in this matter, and if any comments appear to warrant the holding of a hearing or oral argument, notice of the time and place of such hearing or oral argument will be given.

In accordance with the provisions of § 1.764 of the Commission's rules and

regulations, an original and 14 copies of all statements, briefs, or comments shall be furnished the Commission.

Adopted: March 4, 1953.

Released: March 5, 1953.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

SUBPART G—RULES GOVERNING CONELRAD

SCOPE AND OBJECTIVES

Sec.
3.901 Scope of subpart.
3.902 Object of plan.

DEFINITIONS

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3.912 Basic key station.
3.913 Relay key station.
3.914 Skywave key station.
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SUPERVISION

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RADIO ALERTS

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RADIO ALL CLEARS

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SYSTEM OPERATION

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3.960 Alerting system.
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DRILLS

3.970 Notification of a drill.
3.971 Operation during a drill.

SCOPE AND OBJECTIVES

§ 3.901 *Scope of subpart.* This subpart applies to all standard, FM and TV broadcast stations and is for the purpose of providing for operation of certain stations during periods of enemy air attack or imminent threat thereof.

§ 3.902 *Object of plan.* The aim of this plan is to minimize the navigational aid that may be obtained from the continued operation of broadcast stations while at the same time providing for transmission of civil defense information to the public.

DEFINITIONS

§ 3.910 *CONELRAD.* The word CONELRAD is a contraction of the words Control of Electromagnetic Radiation and is the general name given to required procedures under authority of Executive Order 10312 dated December 10, 1951.

§ 3.911 *Air Defense Control Center (ADCC)* An air operations center from which an air division (defense) commander supervises and coordinates air defense activities within an air defense sector, including dissemination of warnings, identification and security control of air traffic and utilization of available combat forces in support of the national air defense effort.

§ 3.912 *Basic key station.* A station that receives the radio alert by telephone directly from the ADCC. Basic key stations relay radio alerts to other stations by radio and by telephone.

§ 3.913 *Relay key station.* A station that receives the radio alert by telephone or radio broadcast from a basic key station or other relay key station. Relay key stations pass the radio alert on to other stations by radio broadcast or telephone.

§ 3.914 *Skywave key station.* A station designated to disseminate a radio alert by broadcast primarily during the experimental period as an alternate for local key stations which may not be in operation. It will normally be capable of disseminating the alert over a wide area by means of skywave transmission.

§ 3.915 *Radio alert.* The radio alert is the Department of Defense order to operate stations in accordance with CONELRAD requirements for a period of time, as determined by the Air Division Commander or higher military authority.

§ 3.916 *Radio all clear* The radio all clear is the Department of Defense order to discontinue CONELRAD requirements with authorization to return to normal operation. It is initiated by the Air Division Commander or higher military authority.

§ 3.917 *Cluster* A cluster is a group of standard broadcast stations serving a single area, all operating on the same CONELRAD system frequency. All stations in a cluster will be inter-connected by wire lines and will carry a common program.

§ 3.918 *Sequential control lines.* Sequential control lines are the wire lines inter-connecting the several stations in a cluster. By means of a mechanical, manual or electronic device at a central control point the stations in a cluster are turned on and off in sequence over the circuits provided by the sequential control lines. In some cases these lines may also carry the cluster program.

§ 3.919 *CONELRAD manual.* The CONELRAD manual is the document containing the detailed description of how broadcast stations will be alerted and operated in the CONELRAD system. The manual will be subject to modification from time to time as experience indicates a need for such changes.

SUPERVISION

§ 3.920 *Zones.* CONELRAD activities under the authority of FCC are under the immediate supervision of three FCC Zone Supervisors [1] whose respective zones are coextensive with the three Air Defense Force Areas.

§ 3.921 *Divisions.* Each zone is divided into several divisions corresponding to the USAF Air Divisions. An FCC Coordinating Engineer is assigned to each Air Division and has responsibility under the Zone Supervisor for all CONELRAD activities under the authority of FCC in his division.

RADIO ALERTS

§ 3.930 *Notification of a radio alert.* (a) All notifications of radio alerts and all clears shall be issued by the Air Defense Control Center(s) (ADCC) under the authority of the Air Division Commander or his duly authorized representative, to all basic key stations. All relay key stations will, in turn, be notified by the basic key stations or other relay key stations. The remaining stations will then be notified by basic key stations or relay key stations. These notifications will be accomplished either by telephone messages or by radio broadcast.

(b) During the experimental period many of regular key stations may be off the air. All standard, FM and TV stations will be supplied with the list of skywave key stations at least one of which must be monitored during any period of operation when the regularly used key station is not on the air.

§ 3.931 *Reception of a radio alert.* All standard, FM and TV broadcast stations, including basic key and relay key stations, must install the necessary equipment to receive notifications of radio alerts and radio all clears by means of reception of radio broadcast messages, and must maintain this equipment in a state of readiness for reception, including arrangements for human listening watch or automatic alarm devices or both. Such equipment should be installed at the transmitter control location.

§ 3.932 *Operation during a radio alert.* (a) Immediately upon receipt of a radio alert, either by radio broadcast or telephone, all standard, FM and TV broadcast stations including such stations operating under equipment or program test authority will follow the prescribed procedure and transmit an approved sign-off message as set forth in the CONELRAD Manual For Broadcast Stations, then remove the transmitter from the air.

(b) Those standard broadcast stations which are authorized to participate in the operating system will immediately take necessary steps and begin operation on 640 or 1240 Kc in accordance with terms of their CONELRAD authorizations and current operating instructions. All other standard, FM and TV broadcast stations will observe radio silence until the radio all clear.

(c) No identification may be broadcast between the time the radio alert is received and the time the radio all clear is announced, unless expressly authorized by the FCC. The transmission of any information which would serve to identify the geographical location of the station is prohibited.

(d) A station operating in the CONELRAD system may transmit in accordance with its CONELRAD authorization during a radio alert beyond its normal hours and nothing in its regular license

[1] Each broadcast station will be furnished the name and address of the Zone Supervisor of his Zone.

or other instrument of authorization shall prevent such operation in the CONELRAD system.

(e) Prior to commencing routine operation or originating any emissions under program test, equipment test, experimental or other authorization or for any other purpose, licensees or permittees shall first ascertain whether a state of radio alert exists and if so shall refrain from operation or operate in the CONELRAD system whichever is appropriate.

ALL CLEARS

§ 3.940 *Notification of a radio all clear* The radio all clear notification will be transmited through the same channels as the radio alert. Stations operating in the CONELRAD system will transmit the radio all clear message on the CONELRAD system frequency. Key stations will, as soon as possible thereafter, follow the prescribed procedure and broadcast the radio all clear message on their regular operating frequency. All stations, including FM and TV stations upon resuming regular operation will follow the prescribed procedure and immediately broadcast the radio all clear message.

SYSTEM OPERATION

§ 3.950 *Procedure.* Each standard broadcast station is permitted to operate during a radio alert must observe operating procedures for the mode of operation to which it is assigned, as set forth in detail in the CONELRAD Manual For Broadcast Stations.

§ 3.951 *Participation.* (a) Any standard broadcast station desiring to participate in a CONELRAD operating system should contact the Zone Supervisor, indicate the station's willingness to make such technical modification to the station equipment as might be necessary to permit operation on a system frequency and with such power limitation as might be necessary. The Commission will then issue a CONELRAD authorization to the station specifying the frequency to be used by the station. Records of such authorizations will be regarded by the Commission as confidential. Stations which have indicated a willingness to participate in CONELRAD on a voluntary basis prior to the effective date of this subpart need not take any further steps.

(b) Any station participating in CONELRAD system operations may withdraw from the system by giving thirty days' notice to the FCC Zone Supervisor in writing and by submitting its CONELRAD authorization for cancellation.

TESTS

§ 3.960 *Alerting system.* Tests of the alerting system will be conducted periodically.

§ 3.961 *Sequential control lines.* Sequential control and program lines must be tested at frequent intervals and results reported in the prescribed manner to the FCC Zone Supervisor.

§ 3.962 *Entire system.* Tests of the entire system will be conducted from time to time. During such tests, all stations which are authorized to operate in the CONELRAD system will operate in accordance with terms of the CONELRAD authorization. Other stations will not be required to go off the air during such tests but will be subject to any interference which might result from the CONELRAD operation. Such tests will be scheduled to take place during the experimental period.

§ 3.963 *Equipment.* The licensee of each station authorized to participate in CONELRAD system operation shall make such tests of his equipment as may be necessary to assure it is ready for instant use.

§ 3.964 *Log entries.* Appropriate entries of all tests shall be made in the station log.

DRILLS

§ 3.970 *Notification of a drill.* At some time it may be necessary to conduct an Air Defense Drill under conditions of simulated attack. All stations will be notified well in advance of such a drill.

§ 3.971 *Operation during a drill.* During a drill, all standard, FM and TV broadcast stations will take the same steps as such stations would be required to take in the event of an actual radio alert under this subpart and current operating instructions as set forth in the CONELRAD Manual For Broadcast Stations, except for special drill messages.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2314; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:46 a. m.]

NOTICES

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Production Authority

[Suspension Order 30; Docket No. 29, Modification 2]

BROWN & GRIST ET AL.

ORDER OF MODIFICATION

This proceeding has to do with the matter of the National Production Authority vs. Brown & Grist, et al., 112 Todds Lane, Newport News, Virginia, in connection with which NPA Hearing Commissioner Samuel H. Crosby, of Arlington, Virginia, entered Suspension Order 30 on September 12, 1952, and order of modification was entered at Washington, D. C., on December 15, 1952, by the Deputy Chief Hearing Commissioner.

In conformity with the policy established by Direction 20 to CMP Regulation No. 1, dated February 16, 1953, and Direction 10 to Revised CMP Regulation No. 6, dated February 16, 1953 (see also Designation of Scarce Materials 1, as amended February 18, 1953) and

On motion of Robert H. Winn, Esquire, Assistant General Counsel of the National Production Authority

It is hereby ordered, Pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (c) of section 5 of NPA Rules of Practice (17 F. R. 8156) that the above-identified suspension orders be modified so that the respondents herein, any provision in the suspension orders notwithstanding, may acquire any controlled material which is acquired pursuant to the provisions of section 6 of Direction 20 to CMP Regulation No. 1 or section 2 (a) of Direction 10 to Revised CMP Regulation No. 6; and

It is further ordered, That the said suspension orders be further modified so that the respondents herein may use or dispose of any controlled material so acquired, and the suspension order herein shall not be treated as effecting a prohibition by a regulation or order of NPA as referred to in section 7 of Direction 20 to CMP Regulation No. 1 as to any controlled material acquired pursuant to the provisions of said Direction 20 or of Direction 10 to Revised CMP Regulation No. 6.

In all other respects the aforesaid Suspension Order 30 remains unmodified.

Issued this 9th day of March 1953 at Washington, D. C.

NATIONAL PRODUCTION AUTHORITY,
By MORRIS R. BEVINGTON,
Deputy Chief Hearing Commissioner.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2422; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 10:28 a. m.]

[Suspension Order 33; Docket No. 26, Modification 2]

MARDIGIAN CORP. ET AL.

ORDER OF MODIFICATION

This proceeding has to do with the matter of the National Production Authority vs. Mardigian Corporation, et al., 14300 Tireman, Detroit, Michigan, in connection with which NPA Hearing Commissioner Harrison W Ewing, of Cleveland, Ohio, entered Suspension Order 33, on September 26, 1952, and order of modification was entered at Washington, D. C., on January 27, 1953, by the Office of the Chief Hearing Commissioner, NPA.

In conformity with the policy established by Direction 20 to CMP Regulation No. 1, dated February 16, 1953, and Direction 10 to Revised CMP Regulation No. 6, dated February 16, 1953 (see also Designation of Scarce Materials 1, as amended February 18, 1953) and

On motion of Robert H. Winn, Esquire, Assistant General Counsel of the National Production Authority

It is hereby ordered, Pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (c) of section 5 of NPA Rules of Practice (17 F. R. 8156) that the above-identified suspension orders be modified so that the respondents herein, any provision in the suspension orders notwithstanding, may ac-

quire any controlled material which is acquired pursuant to the provisions of section 6 of Direction 20 to CMP Regulation No. 1 or section 2 (a) of Direction 10 to Revised CMP Regulation No. 6; and

It is further ordered, That the said suspension orders be further modified so that the respondents herein may use or dispose of any controlled materials so acquired, and the suspension order herein shall not be treated as effecting a prohibition by a regulation or order of NPA as referred to in section 7 of Direction 20 to CMP Regulation No. 1 as to any controlled material acquired pursuant to the provisions of said Direction 20 or of Direction 10 to Revised CMP Regulation No. 6.

In all other respects the aforesaid Suspension Order 33 remains unmodified.

Issued this 9th day of March 1953 at Washington, D. C.

NATIONAL PRODUCTION AUTHORITY,
By MORRIS R. BEVINGTON,
Deputy Chief Hearing Commissioner

[F. R. Doc. 53-2423; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 10:28 a. m.]

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[Docket Nos. 9136, 10316]

PIONEER BROADCASTERS, INC., AND MOUNT HOOD RADIO AND TELEVISION BROADCASTING CORP.

ORDER CONTINUING HEARING

In re applications of Pioneer Broadcasters, Inc., Portland, Oregon, Docket No. 9136, File No. BPCT-431, Mount Hood Radio and Television Broadcasting Corporation, Portland, Oregon, Docket No. 10316, File No. BPCT-1029 for construction permits for new television stations (Channel 6)

Pursuant to agreement of counsel for the applicants in the above-entitled proceeding and counsel for the Broadcast Bureau, entered into at a conference held on March 6, 1953, the further hearing on the applications in the above-entitled proceeding presently scheduled for March 16, 1953, is hereby continued to 9 o'clock a. m., May 11, 1953, in Washington, D. C.

Dated, this 9th day of March 1953.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2322; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:47 a. m.]

[Docket No. 10097]

ONEIDA BROADCASTING CO. (WOBT)

ORDER DESIGNATING APPLICATION FOR HEARING ON STATED ISSUES

In re application of Oneida Broadcasting Company (WOBT) Rhinelander, Wisconsin, for construction permit; Docket No. 10097, File No. BP-8068.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 4th day of March 1953;

The Commission having under consideration the above-entitled application for a construction permit to change facilities from 1240 kilocycles, 250 watts, unlimited time to 980 kilocycles, one kilowatt, directional antenna, same patterns day and night, unlimited time at Rhinelander, Wisconsin, and

It appearing, that the applicant is legally, technically, financially and otherwise qualified to operate Station WOBT as proposed, but that the proposed operation would be limited at night to the 22.1 mv/m contour, whereas, as a Class III-B station, it has a normally protected contour of 4.0 mv/m; that the population residing between the normally protected 4.0 mv/m contour and actual service 22.1 mv/m contour amounts to 28.6 per cent of those who would actually receive nighttime service, whereas the provisions of the Standards of Good Engineering Practice recommend that this value not exceed approximately 10 per cent; and

It further appearing, that pursuant to section 309 (b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the applicant was notified by letter dated November 26, 1952, of the foregoing deficiencies and that the Commission was unable to conclude that a grant would serve the public interest; that by letter dated September 18, 1952, the applicant in reply to the Commission's letter attempted to justify a grant of the application, but that the Commission, after further study is still unable to conclude that a grant would be in the public interest;

It is ordered, That, pursuant to section 309 (b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the said application is designated for hearing at a time and place to be specified in a subsequent order, upon the following issues:

1. To determine the areas and populations which may be expected to gain or lose primary service from the operation of the proposed stations, and the availability of other primary service to such areas and populations.

2. To determine whether the installation and operation of the proposed stations would be in compliance with the Commission's rules and Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Standard Broadcast Stations with particular reference to an excessively high nighttime limitation and the relative percentage of populations residing in the area between the normally protected and the interference-free contours to the population residing in the actual primary service area.

Released: March 6, 1953.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2319; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:46 a. m.]

[Docket Nos. 10246, 10247, 10317]

OREGON TELEVISION, INC., ET AL.

ORDER CONTINUING HEARING

In re applications of Oregon Television, Inc., Portland, Oregon, Docket No. 10246, File No. BPCT-938; Columbia Empire Telecasters, Inc., Portland, Oregon, Document No. 10247, File No. BPCT-982; Northwest Television and Broadcasting Company, Portland, Oregon, Docket No. 10317, File No. BPCT-1059 for construction permits for new television stations (Channel 12)

Pursuant to agreement of counsel for the applicants in the above-entitled proceeding and counsel for the Broadcast Bureau, entered into at a conference held on March 6, 1953, the further hearing on the applications in the above-entitled proceeding presently scheduled for April 15, 1953, is hereby continued to 9 o'clock a. m., April 27, 1953, in Washington, D. C.

Dated this 9th day of March 1953.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2323; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:47 a. m.]

[Docket No. 10384]

RADIO DISPATCHING SERVICE

ORDER CONTINUING HEARING

In the matter of Walter Bunch Turner, d/b as Radio Dispatch Service, Rock Hill, South Carolina, for construction permit to change location of Domestic Public Land Mobile Radio Service Station KIB385 from Shelby North Carolina, to Rock Hill, South Carolina, Docket No. 10384, File No. 336-C2-P-53.

The Commission having under consideration a motion filed February 26, 1953, by the applicant herein requesting that the hearing in this proceeding be continued for 30 days; and

It appearing, that applicant wishes to present to the Commission additional information in writing apparently for the purpose of having the Commission give further consideration to the application and grant the same without a hearing; and

It further appearing, that the Commission may not be able to reconsider the matter within the time specified; and

It further appearing, that there is no other party to the proceeding and that counsel for the Commission's Common Carrier Bureau has consented to a waiver of § 1.745 of the Commission's rules relating to practice and procedure (commonly referred to as the four-day rule)

It is ordered, This 3d day of March 1953, that the hearing in this proceeding is indefinitely continued subject to

a future order scheduling a definite date for hearing.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2318; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:46 a. m.]

[Docket Nos. 10422, 10423]

LOUIS WASMER AND TELEVISION SPOKANE, INC.

ORDER DESIGNATING APPLICATIONS FOR CONSOLIDATED HEARING ON STATED ISSUES

In re applications of Louis Wasmer, Spokane, Washington, Docket No. 10422, File No. BPCT-920; Television Spokane, Inc., Spokane, Washington, Docket No. 10423, File No. BPCT-1037; for construction permits for new television stations.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 4th day of March 1953;

The Commission having under consideration the above-entitled applications, each requesting a construction permit for a new television broadcast station to operate on Channel 2 in Spokane, Washington; and

It appearing, that the above-entitled applications are mutually exclusive in that operation by more than one applicant would result in mutually destructive interference; and

It further appearing, that pursuant to section 309 (b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the above-named applicants were advised by letters dated July 30, 1952, that their applications were mutually exclusive; that Louis Wasmer was advised by a letter dated February 12, 1953, that certain questions were raised as a result of deficiencies of a financial and technical nature which existed in his application; and that Television Spokane, Inc. was advised by a letter dated February 12, 1953, that certain questions were raised as a result of deficiencies of a financial nature which existed in its application; and

It further appearing, that upon due consideration of the above-entitled applications, the amendments filed thereto, and the reply to the above letters filed by Television Spokane, Inc. (no reply having been received from Louis Wasmer), the Commission finds that under section 309 (b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, a hearing is mandatory; and that each of the above-named applicants is legally qualified to construct, own and operate a television broadcast station, and is technically qualified to construct, own and operate a television broadcast station except as to the matters referred to in the issues below;

It is ordered, That pursuant to section 309 (b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the above-entitled applications are designated for hearing in a consolidated proceeding to commence at 9:00 a. m. on April 6, 1953, in Washington, D. C., upon the following issues:

1. To determine the precise geographic coordinates of the television antenna site proposed by Louis Wasmer.

2. To determine whether the location of the television antenna proposed in the above-entitled application of Louis Wasmer will adversely affect the ability of standard broadcast Station KREM to operate in accordance with the terms of its license and the construction permit pursuant to which its license was issued, particularly with respect to its nighttime directional antenna pattern, and whether corrective measures for such effects are possible and feasible.

3. To determine whether either of the above-named applicants is financially qualified to construct and operate the proposed station.

4. To determine whether the installation and operation of the station proposed by Television Spokane, Inc., in its above-entitled application would constitute a hazard to air navigation.

5. To determine on a comparative basis which of the operations proposed in the above-entitled applications would better serve the public interest, convenience and necessity in the light of the record made with respect to the significant differences between the applications with particular reference to the following:

(a) The background and experience of each of the above-named applicants having a bearing on his ability to own and operate the proposed television station.

(b) The proposals of each of the above-named applicants with respect to the management and operation of the proposed station.

(c) The programing service proposed in each of the above-entitled applications.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2321; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:46 a. m.]

[Docket Nos. 10424, 10425]

RADIO FORT WAYNE, INC., AND ANTHONY WAYNE BROADCASTING

ORDER DESIGNATING APPLICATIONS FOR CONSOLIDATED HEARING ON STATED ISSUES

In re applications of Radio Fort Wayne, Inc., Fort Wayne, Ind., Docket No. 10424, File No. BPCT-1040; James R. Fleming and Paul V McNutt, d/b as Anthony Wayne Broadcasting, Fort Wayne, Indiana, Docket No. 10425, File No. BPCT-1400; for construction permits for new television stations.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 4th day of March 1953;

The Commission having under consideration the above-entitled applications each requesting a construction permit for a new television broadcast station to operate on Channel 69 in Fort Wayne, Indiana; and

It appearing, that the above-entitled applications are mutually exclusive in that operation by more than one applicant would result in mutually destructive interference; and

It further appearing, that pursuant to section 309 (b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, Radio Fort Wayne, Inc. was advised by letters dated November 10, 1952, January 26, 1953 and February 10, 1953, that its application was mutually exclusive with that of Anthony Wayne Broadcasting and that certain questions were raised as a result of deficiencies of a technical nature which existed in said application; and that Anthony Wayne Broadcasting was advised by letters dated November 7, 1952, and February 10, 1953, that its application was mutually exclusive with that of Radio Fort Wayne, Inc., and that certain questions were raised as a result of deficiencies of a financial nature which existed in said application; and

It further appearing, that upon due consideration of the applications herein, the amendments filed thereto, and the replies to the above letters, the Commission finds that the above-entitled applications are still mutually exclusive and that it is unable to make a finding as to which, if either, should be granted; that under section 309 (b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, a hearing is mandatory; and that each of the above-named applicants is legally and financially qualified to construct, own and operate a television broadcast station, and is technically qualified except as to the matters referred to in the issues below;

It is ordered, That, pursuant to section 309 (b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the above-entitled applications are designated for hearing in a consolidated proceeding to commence at 9:00 a. m. on April 6, 1953, in Washington, D. C. upon the following issues:

1. To determine the precise geographic coordinates of the television antenna site proposed by Radio Fort Wayne, Inc.

2. To determine whether the installation and operation of either of the stations proposed in the above-entitled applications would constitute a hazard to air navigation.

3. To determine on a comparative basis which of the operations proposed would better serve the public interest, convenience and necessity in the light of the record made with respect to the significant differences between the applications as to:

(a) The background and experience of each of the above-named applicants having a bearing on its ability to own and operate the proposed television station.

(b) The proposals of each of the above-named applicants with respect to the management and operation of the proposed station.

(c) The programming service proposed in each of the above-entitled applications.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2324; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:47 a. m.]

CHIEF OF BROADCAST BUREAU

DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO ACT ON APPLICATIONS FILED BY EXISTING LICENSEES OR PERMITTEES FOR REMOTE CONTROL OF BROADCAST STATIONS

CROSS REFERENCE: For amendment of Commission's Statement of Delegation of Authority to provide authorization for the Chief of the Broadcast Bureau to act upon applications filed by existing licensees or permittees for remote control of broadcast stations, see F R. Doc. 53-2315, Title 47, Chapter I, Part 1, *supra.*

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

[Docket Nos. G-1668, G-1828, G-1998, G-2026, G-2132, G-2133]

SOUTHERN UNION GAS CO. ET AL

ORDER DENYING REQUEST FOR SHORTENED PROCEDURE, CONSOLIDATING PROCEEDINGS, AND POSTPONING DATE OF HEARINGS

MARCH 10, 1953.

In the matters of Southern Union Gas Company Docket Nos. G-1668 and G-2132; El Paso Natural Gas Company Docket Nos. G-1828, G-1998 and G-2133 · West Texas Gas Company, Docket No. G-2026.

By its order issued February 18, 1953, the Commission consolidated for hearing proceedings in Docket Nos. G-1668, G-1828, G-1998, and G-2026. The proceedings in Docket Nos. G-1998 and G-2026 respectively concern the purchase by El Paso Natural Gas Company (El Paso) and the sale by West Texas Gas Company (West Texas) of certain natural-gas transmission facilities.

On March 4, 1953, Southern Union Gas Company (Southern Union) and El Paso filed respective applications at Docket Nos. G-2132 and G-2133 for authorization of the sale by Southern Union and the purchase by El Paso of certain natural-gas transmission facilities which appear to be contiguous to the facilities proposed to be purchased by El Paso under authorization sought at Docket No. G-1998.

The Docket No. G-2132 application requests that proceedings thereon be consolidated with the proceedings in Docket Nos. G-1668, G-1828, G-1998 and G-2026. The Docket No. G-2133 application requests that proceedings thereon be considered in conjunction with the Docket Nos. G-1998 and G-2026 proceedings; however, it also requests that the matter be heard under the shortened procedure provided by § 1.32 (b) of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.32 (b)) for noncontested proceedings. It appears that all of the above-entitled proceedings involve common questions of law and fact.

Due notice of the filing of the Docket Nos. G-2132 and G-2133 applications has been given by publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER. In order to permit a proper period of notice following such publication it is necessary that hearings in the proceedings as hereinafter consolidated be postponed from the March 19, 1953 date fixed in the February 18, 1953 order.

The Commission finds:

(1) Good cause has not been shown for granting El Paso's request that its application in Docket No. G-2133 be heard under the shortened procedure as provided by the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, and said request should be denied as hereinafter ordered.

(2) It is appropriate for carrying out the provisions of the Natural Gas Act and good cause exists for consolidating the above proceedings for purpose of hearing.

The Commission orders:

(A) El Paso's requst that its application in Docket No. G-2133 be heard under the shortened procedure provided by § 1.32 (b) of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.32 (b)) be and the same is hereby denied.

(B) The proceedings in Docket Nos. G-1668, G-1828, G-1998, G-2026, G-2132, and G-2133 be and the same hereby are consolidated for purpose of hearing.

(C) Pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to the jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Power Commission by sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act, and the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, the public hearing, heretofore ordered to commence on March 19, 1953, shall be held commencing on March 30, 1953 at 10:00 a. m., in the Hearing Room of the Federal Power Commission, 1800 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D. C., and shall concern all the matters presented and issues involved in the dockets referred to in paragraph (B) hereof.

(D) Interested State Commissions may participate as provided by §§ 1.8 and 1.37 (f) (18 CFR 1.8 and 1.37 (f)) of the said rules of practice and procedure.

Date of issuance: March 11, 1953.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 53-2326; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:48 a. m.]

[Docket No. G-2129]

IROQUOIS GAS CO.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION

MARCH 11, 1953.

Take notice that Iroquois Gas Corporation (Applicant) a New York corporation, having its principal place of business at 45 Church Street, Buffalo, New York, filed on February 26, 1953, an application for a certificate of public convenience and necessity pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act, authorizing the construction and operation of certain storage facilities and transmission pipeline facilities hereinafter described.

The facilities which Applicant seeks authorization to construct and operate are (1) a storage field in the towns of Aurora and Colden, Erie County, in the State of New York and (2) a 16-inch pipeline extending from the Aurora storage field northeasterly approximately 6 miles to Applicant's connection with Tennessee Gas Transmission Company at Reiter Road, all in the State of New York. It is proposed that the storage field will have a capacity of 4 billion cubic feet—2.4 billion cubic feet base and 1.6 billion cubic feet active. The pipeline will have a capacity of 15,000 Mcf per day.

The estimated cost of the proposed facilities is $800,000. The proposed financing includes the issuance of $400,000, in long-term notes or stock or both to Applicant's parent corporation, National Fuel Gas Company, and $400,000 from available company funds, such as depreciation accruals.

Protests or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington 25, D. C., in accordance with the rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) on or before the 1st day of April 1953. The application is on file with the Commission for public inspection.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F R. Doc. 53-2327; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:48 a. m.]

[Docket Nos. G-2132, G-2133]

SOUTHERN UNION GAS CO. AND EL PASO NATURAL GAS CO.

NOTICE OF APPLICATIONS

MARCH 10, 1953.

In the matters of Southern Union Gas Company, Docket No. G-2132; El Paso Natural Gas Company, Docket No. G-2133.

Take notice that on March 4, 1953, Southern Union Gas Company (Southern Union) a Delaware corporation having its principal place of business in Dallas, Texas, filed an application at Docket No. G-2132 for authority pursuant to section 7 (b) of the Natural Gas Act to abandon by sale to El Paso Natural Gas Company (El Paso) certain transmission pipeline facilities. On the same day El Paso, a Delaware corporation having its principal place of business in El Paso, Texas, filed an application at Docket No. G-2133 for a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing the acquisition and operation of the facilities Southern Union proposes to sell and the construction and operation of a metering station appurtenant to such facilities.

The facilities Southern Union proposes to sell and El Paso proposes to purchase are all those lying between West Texas Gas Company's present point of delivery of gas to Southern Union just east of the Texas-New Mexico State line and a point 25 feet west of such State line. This consists of approximately 445 feet of looped 8-inch and 10-inch natural gas pipeline and appurtenances thereto. The metering station El Paso proposes to construct and operate is to be located at the point 25 feet west of the State line.

In conjunction with the facilities El Paso proposes to acquire from West

Texas Gas Company and to operate under authorization sought at Docket No. G-1998 the subject facilities will permit El Paso rather than Southern Union to transport natural gas across the Texas-New Mexico border for delivery to a portion of Southern Union's Clovis District.

The price to be charged for the facilities to be sold is their original cost less accrued depreciation at the date of transfer. As of December 31, 1952, the price would approximate $2,400. The cost of the facilities to be constructed and operated by El Paso is $3,500.

Protests or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington 25, D. C., in accordance with the rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) on or before the 30th day of March 1953. The applications are on file with the Commission for public inspection.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 53-2338; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:48 a. m.]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[File No. 70-2994]

CENTRAL MAINE POWER CO.

SUPPLEMENTAL ORDER AUTHORIZING SALE OF BONDS AND RELEASING JURISDICTION OVER CERTAIN FEES AND EXPENSES

MARCH 11, 1953.

Central Maine Power Company ("Central Maine") a public utility subsidiary of New England Public Service Company, a registered holding company, having filed an application, and amendments thereto, pursuant to the third sentence of Section 6 (b) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 ("Act") and Rule U-50 promulgated thereunder, regarding the issuance and sale, at competitive bidding, of $10,000,000 principal amount of First and General Mortgage Bonds, Series U, ____ Percent, due 1983; and

The Commission having, by order dated March 2, 1953, granted said application, as amended, subject to the condition, among others, that the proposed sale of bonds by Central Maine should not be consummated until the results of competitive bidding, pursuant to Rule U-50, and a final order of the Public Utilities Commission of Maine approving same, should have been made a matter of record in this proceeding and a further order entered by this Commission in the light of the record so completed; and jurisdiction having been reserved over the payment of all fees and expenses incurred or to be incurred in connection with the proposed transactions; and

Central Maine having, on March 11, 1953, filed a further amendment to its application setting forth the action taken by it to comply with the requirements of Rule U-50 and stating that pursuant to the invitation for competitive bids on the bonds, the following bids were received:

Bidder	Annual interest rate (percent)	Price to company[1] (percent of principal)	Annual cost to company (percent)
The First Boston Corp. and Coffin & Burr, Inc.	3¾	100.310	3.69761
Harriman Ripley & Co., Inc.	3¾	100.0199	3.62231
Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc.	3¾	101.01999	3.69013
Salomon Bros. & Hutzler	3¾	101.222	3.67659
Kuhn, Loeb & Co.	3¾	101.31	3.67764
Union Securities Corp. and A. C. Allyn & Co., Inc.	3¾	101.1111	3.69349
Blyth & Co., Inc., Kidder, Peabody & Co., and W. E. Hutton & Co.	3¾	101.47	3.69378

[1] Exclusive of accrued interest from Mar. 1, 1953.

The amendment further stating that Central Maine has accepted the bid of the First Boston Corporation and Coffin & Burr, Incorporated, for the bonds, as set forth above, and that the bonds will be offered for sale to the public at a price of 101 percent of their principal amount, plus accrued interest from March 1, 1953, resulting in an underwriting spread of 0.681 percent of the principal amount of the bonds, or an aggregate of $68,100; and

The amendment also including a copy of the supplemental order of the Public Utilities Commission of Maine authorizing the issuance and sale of the bonds at the price and terms under which the company proposes to issue and sell said bonds, as foresaid; and

Central Maine having also filed an amendment on March 9, 1953, stating that the net proceeds from the sale of the bonds will be applied as follows: $2,076,000 of such proceeds will be deposited with the Mortgage Trustee to be later released to the company pursuant to the provisions of said Mortgage; and the balance of the proceeds will be used to pay, in part, the company's then outstanding short-term notes issued in connection with its construction program, and for other lawful purposes. It is expected that all of said deposited cash will have been released by July 1, 1953, and, when so released, will be applied to the payment of the company's then outstanding short-term notes.

The record also having been completed with respect to the fees and expenses incurred or to be incurred in connection with the proposed transactions except with respect to legal fees; and it appearing that the fees and expenses, other than legal fees, to be paid by Central Maine are estimated in the aggregate amount of $48,528 and that such fees and expenses are not unreasonable and that jurisdiction thereof should be released; and

The Commission having examined said amendments and having considered the record herein and finding no basis for imposing terms and conditions with respect to the price to be received for said bonds, the redemption prices thereof, the interest rate thereon, and the underwriters' spread:

It is ordered, That said application, as further amended, be, and the same hereby is, granted, effective forthwith, subject to the terms and conditions prescribed in Rule U-24, and that the jurisdiction heretofore reserved over the results of competitive bidding, pursuant to Rule U-50, with respect to the sale of the bonds be, and the same hereby is, released.

It is further ordered, That the jurisdiction heretofore reserved over the payment of all fees and expenses incurred or to be incurred in connection with the proposed transactions be, and the same hereby is, released, except with respect to the payment of legal fees and expenses for which jurisdiction is hereby continued.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 53-2334; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:50 a. m.]

[File No. 70-3010]

UNION PRODUCING CO.

NOTICE REGARDING ACQUISITION OF NOTES IN CONNECTION WITH SALE OF CERTAIN REAL ESTATE

MARCH 11, 1953.

Notice is hereby given that Union Producing Company ("Union") a non-utility subsidiary of United Gas Corporation, a gas subsidiary of Electric Bond and Share Company, a registered holding company, has filed an application pursuant to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, and has designated sections 9 (a) and 10 thereof as applicable to the proposed transactions which are summarized as follows:

Union owns an undivided one-half interest in certain real property in Bossier Parish, Louisiana, aggregating approximately 259 acres, which land is no longer used or useful in the business of Union. Union proposes to sell one tract of approximately 150 acres for a total consideration of $26,000 and to acquire as part payment therefor an undivided interest in eight mortgage notes of the purchaser, Charles Hoyer, Jr., a resident of Bossier Parish, in the aggregate principal amount of $19,500 and to retain as security therefor a vendor's lien and mortgage on the land subject to the sale. The notes to be received by Union will be in equal amounts, will mature serially one to eight years from date and will bear interest at the rate of 5 percent per annum.

Union also requests authorization, in the event all or part of the remaining portion of the above described real property is sold, to acquire from time to time securities representing all or a portion of the purchase price. In this connection, Union states that it may be necessary for it to acquire from time to time an undivided interest in mortgage notes or other securities of the purchasers thereof, in such amounts, bearing such interest and on such terms as are deemed necessary and advisable, and retain as security vendor's liens and mortgages on said lands as part or all of the purchase price thereof.

The application states that the management of Union has concluded that the disposition of the real property described above can only be sold on a piecemeal basis if the best price for the entire tract of property is to be obtained.

Notice is further given that any interested person may, not later than March 24, 1953, at 5:30 p. m., e. s. t., request the Commission in writing that a hearing be held on such matter, stating the nature of his interests, the reasons for such request, and the issues of fact or law, if any, raised by the said application which he desires to controvert, or may request that he be notified if the Commission should order a hearing thereon. Any such request should be addressed: Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 425 Second Street NW., Washington 25, D. C. At any time after March 24, 1953, said application, as filed or as amended, may be granted as provided in Rule U-23 of the rules and regulations promulgated under the act, or the Commission may exempt such transactions as provided in Rule U-20 (a) and Rule U-100 thereof. All interested persons are referred to said application which is on file in the office of this Commission for a statement of the transactions therein proposed.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 53-2335; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:50 a. m.]

[File No. 70-3013]

NORTHERN BERKSHIRE GAS CO. ET AL.

NOTICE OF FILING REGARDING SEPARATION OF ELECTRIC AND GAS PROPERTIES AND OTHER TRANSACTIONS IN CONNECTION THEREWITH

MARCH 11, 1953.

In the matter of Northern Berkshire Gas Company, Berkshire Gas Company, New England Electric System; File No. 70-3013.

Notice is hereby given that a joint application-declaration has been filed with this Commission by New England Electric System ("NEES") a registered holding company, and its public utility subsidiary, Northern Berkshire Gas Company ("Northern") and Berkshire Gas Company ("Berkshire") a gas utility company organized December 31, 1951, for the purpose of acquiring Northern's gas properties and business. Applicants-declarants have designated sections 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 12 of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 ("act") and Rules U-23, U-44 and U-45 promulgated thereunder as applicable to the proposed transactions, which are summarized as follows:

At the present time, Northern has outstanding 21,945 shares of capital stock, $100 par value, all of which are owned by NEES. Northern proposes to sell its gas properties and business to Berkshire which company will assume various liabilities of Northern arising out of the gas business, including obligations with respect to outstanding borrowings. Concurrently with the sale, Berkshire will issue 21,200 shares of its capital stock, $25 par value, to NEES. As a result of the sale, Northern, a gas and electric company, will do solely an electric business while Berkshire will do solely a gas business. Northern will change its name to Northern Berkshire Electric Company.

In connection with the proposed sale of its gas properties, Northern proposes to reduce the par value of its capital stock from $100 to $25 per share and to cancel 21,200 shares of the $25 par value stock. Upon the consummation of the proposed transactions, NEES will own 66,580 shares of Northern's stock (100 percent) and 21,200 shares of Berkshire's stock (100 percent) the aggregate par value of which ($2,194,500) will be equal to the aggregate par value of NEES' present holding of Northern's outstanding 21,945 shares of capital stock. NEES proposes to record its investment in Northern and in Berkshire in an aggregate amount equal to the recorded value of its present investment in Northern.

The application-declaration states that incidental services in connection with the proposed transactions will be performed by New England Power Service Company, an affiliated service company at the actual cost thereof. The application-declaration further states that the Massachusetts Department of Public Utilities has jurisdiction over the proposed transactions, and that Northern and Berkshire have filed a joint petition with that Commission seeking an order approving the proposed transactions, a copy of which, when issued, will be supplied by amendment. The application-declaration further states that no Federal commission, other than this Commission has jurisdiction over the proposed transactions. The applicants-declarants request that the Commission's order herein become effective forthwith upon issuance.

Notice is further given that any interested person may, not later than March 24, 1953, at 5:30 p. m., e. s. t., request the Commission in writing that a hearing be held on such matter, stating the nature of his interest, the reason or reasons for such request and the issues, if any, of fact or law proposed to be controverted, or he may request that he be notified if the Commission should order a hearing thereon. Any such request should be addressed: Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 425 Second Street NW., Washington 25, D. C. At any time after said date, the application-declaration, as filed or as amended, may be granted and permitted to become effective as provided in Rule U-23 of the rules and regulations promulgated under the act, or the Commission may exempt such transactions as provided in Rules U-20 and U-100 thereof.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 53-2336; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:50 a. m.]

[File No. 70-2997]

NARRAGANSETT ELECTRIC CO.

SUPPLEMENTAL ORDER REGARDING ISSUANCE AND SALE OF PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF BONDS AT COMPETITIVE BIDDING

MARCH 11, 1953.

The Commission, by order dated March 2, 1953, having granted an application, as amended, filed, pursuant to section 6 (b) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 ("act"), by the Narragansett Electric Company ("Narragansett") a public utility subsidiary of New England Electric System, a registered holding company, regarding the issuance and sale by Narragansett, pursuant to the competitive bidding requirements of Rule U-50, of $10,000,000 principal amount of First Mortgage Bonds, series D, __ percent, due 1983; and

The Commission's said order having contained the condition, among others, that the proposed issuance and sale of bonds should not be consummated until the results of the competitive bidding, pursuant to Rule U-50, should have been made a matter of record in this proceeding and a further order should have been made with respect thereto, and jurisdiction having been reserved therein over all fees and expenses of counsel including those of counsel for the successful bidder; and

Narragansett having on March 11, 1953, filed a further amendment to its application setting forth the action taken by it to comply with the requirements of Rule U-50, and stating that, pursuant to the invitation for competitive bids, the following bids have been received.

Bidder	Annual interest rate (percent)	Price to company [1] (percent of principal)	Annual cost to company (percent)
The First Boston Corp..	3½	101.379	3.42607
Kuhn, Loeb & Co.....	3½	101.28	3.43133
Salomon Bros. & Hutzler..	3½	101.2137	3.43480
White, Weld & Co.....	3½	101.171	3.43713
Lehman Bros. and Goldman, Sachs & Co.....	3½	100.80	3.45373
Blyth & Co., Inc., and Harriman Ripley & Co., Inc.....	3½	100.777	3.45918
Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc.....	3½	100.71999	3.46123
Union Securities Corp....	3½	100.612	3.46702
Kidder, Peabody & Co., and Stone & Webster Securities Corp.....	3½	100.57	3.46927

[1] Exclusive of accrued interest from Mar. 1, 1953.

The amendment having further stated that Narragansett has accepted the bid of the group headed by the First Boston Corporation, as set forth above, and that the bonds will be offered to the public at a price of 101.87 percent of the principal amount thereof, resulting in an underwriters' spread of 0.491 percent of the principal amount or an aggregate of $49,100; and

The amendment having also stated that the legal fees and expenses to be incurred by Narragansett and to be paid to its counsel, Edwards & Angell, are estimated not to exceed $4,020, including legal fees of $4,000; and

It also appearing that fees and expenses not exceeding $7,000 and $500,

respectively, are to be paid to Milbank, Tweed, Hope & Hadley, counsel for the underwriters, by the purchasers of the bonds; and

The Commission having examined the said application, as further amended, and having considered the record herein and finding no basis for imposing terms or conditions with respect to the price to be received for said bonds, the interest rate and the underwriters' compensation; and it appearing that the legal fees and expenses are not unreasonable, provided they do not exceed the amounts estimated:

It is ordered, That the jurisdiction heretofore reserved with respect to the matters to be determined by the competitive bidding in connection with the issuance and sale of the bonds under Rule U-50 and with respect to all fees and expenses of counsel be, and it hereby is, released, and that said application, as further amended, be, and it hereby is, granted forthwith, subject to the terms and conditions prescribed in Rule U-24.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 53-2333; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:39 a. m.]

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

[File No. 21-413]

FLOOR WAX AND FLOOR POLISH INDUSTRY

NOTICE OF HEARING AND OF OPPORTUNITY TO PRESENT VIEWS, SUGGESTIONS, OR OBJECTIONS

Opportunity is hereby extended by the Federal Trade Commission to any and all persons, firms, corporations, organizations, or other parties, including farm, labor, and consumer groups, affected by or having an interest in the proposed trade practice rules for the floor wax and floor polish industry, to present to the Commission their views concerning said rules, including such pertinent information, suggestions, or objections as they may desire to submit, and to be heard in the premises. For this purpose they may obtain copies of the proposed rules upon request to the Commission. Such views, information, suggestions, or objections may be submitted by letter, memorandum, brief, or other communication, to be filed with the Commission not later than April 16, 1953. Opportunity to be heard orally will be afforded at the hearing beginning at 10 a. m., April 16, 1953, in Room 332, Federal Trade Commission Building, Pennsylvania Avenue at Sixth Street NW., Washington, D. C., to any such persons, firms, corporations, organizations, or other parties, who desire to appear and be heard. After due consideration of all matters presented in writing or orally, the Commission will proceed to final action on the proposed rules.

The industry for which trade practice rules are sought to be established through these proceedings is composed of persons, firms, corporations, and organizations engaged in manufacturing or marketing products, other than paints, lacquers, and varnishes, which are advertised, offered for sale, or sold for use in polishing, preserving, beautifying, cleaning, or protecting floor surfaces.

The proposed rules contain provisions for the proper use, as descriptive of industry products, of terms such as "wax," "slip proof," "slip resistant," "waterproof," "water resistant," "spot proof," and "heavy duty." These provisions are designed to prevent the use of such terms under conditions which are false, misleading, or deceptive to the purchasing public. Inhibitions are also included regarding other forms of misrepresentation, as well as practices recognized as substantially lessening competition or tending toward monopoly.

Pursuant to the notice herein, all persons or concerns engaged in manufacturing or marketing products of the industry, and all other interested or affected parties, are afforded opportunity to present their views, suggestions, or objections regarding the proposed rules, either in writing or at the hearing to be held on April 16, 1953.

Issued: March 12, 1953.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] D. C. DANIEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 53-2364; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:53 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Commodity Credit Corporation

SALES OF CERTAIN COMMODITIES AT FIXED PRICES

MARCH 1953 DOMESTIC AND EXPORT PRICE LISTS

Pursuant to the pricing policy of Commodity Credit Corporation issued March 22, 1950, as amended January 9, 1953 (15 F. R. 1583, 18 F. R. 176) and subject to the conditions stated therein, the following commodities are available for sale in the quantities and at the prices stated:

MARCH 1953 DOMESTIC PRICE LIST

Commodity and approximate quantity available (subject to prior sale)	Domestic price list
Nonfat dry milk solids, in carload lots only, 100,000,000 pounds.	Spray process, U. S. Extra Grade, 18 cents per pound. Prices apply "in store" at location of stock in any State ("in store" means at the processor's plant or in storage at warehouse, but with any prepaid storage and outhandling charges for the benefit of the buyer).
Salted creamery butter, in carload lots only, 60,000,000 pounds.	U. S. Grade A and higher: All States except those listed below, 70.75 cents per pound; New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, New England and other States bordering the Atlantic Ocean and Gulf of Mexico, 71.75 cents per pound; California, Oregon, and Washington, 72.25 cents per pound. U. S. Grade B: 2 cents per pound less than Grade A prices. Prices apply "in store" at location of stocks in those States where butter is stored ("in store" means at the processor's plant or warehouse, but with any prepaid storage and outhandling charges for the benefit of the buyer).
Cheddar cheese, cheddar and twin styles (standard moisture basis, in carload lots only), 22,000,000 pounds.	U. S. Grade A and higher: All States except those listed below, 40.25 cents per pound; New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, New England and those States bordering the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans and Gulf of Mexico, 41.25 cents per round. U. S. Grade B: 1 cent per pound less than Grade A prices. Prices apply "in store" at location of stocks in those States where cheese is stored. All prices are subject to usual adjustment for moisture content ("in store" means at the processor's plant or warehouse, but with any prepaid storage and outhandling charges for the benefit of the buyer).
Cottonseed oil, bleachable prime summer yellow, 340,000,000 pounds.[1]	Market price or 17¼ cents per pound, whichever is higher, f. o. b. tank cars or tank wagons at points of storage locations. Above prices will not be reduced during period ending Aug. 31, 1953.
Cottonseed oil, crude, 45,000,000 pounds.	Market price or acquisition price for specified areas f. o. b. tank cars or tank wagons at producer's mills, whichever is higher. Above prices will not be reduced during period ending Aug. 31, 1953.
Linseed oil, raw, 185,000,000 pounds.[1]	Market price on date of sale.
Olive oil, edible, 100,000 gallons....	Market price or $2.07 per gallon in 55-gallon drums, whichever is higher, f. o. b. points of storage locations.
Dry edible beans.....	On all beans, for areas other than those shown below, adjust prices upward or downward by an amount equal to the price support program differential between areas. Where no price support differential occurs, the price listed will apply. For other grades of all beans, adjust by market differentials. Prices listed below, on all beans, are at point of production. Amount of paid-in freight to be added, as applicable.
Pinto, bagged, 134 hundredweight.	No. 1 Grade 1950 and 1951 crops: $8.29 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. California rate area.
Great Northern, bagged, 280,000 hundredweight.	No. 1 Grade 1949 crop: $9.20 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. Morrill, Nebr., area.
Pink beans, bagged, 32 hundredweight.	No. 1 Grade 1951 crop: $9.20 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. Nyssa, Oreg.
Baby lima, bagged, 415,000 hundredweight.[1]	No. 1 Grade 1950 crop: $7.21 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. California area.
Small white, bagged, 9,503 hundredweight.[1]	No. 1 Grade 1951 crop: $9.19 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. California area.
Pea, bagged, 878,000 hundredweight.[1]	No. 1 Grade 1951 crop: $9.57 per 100 pounds, f. o. b. Michigan area.
Austrian winter pea seed, bagged, 2,000,000 hundredweight.	$4 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. point of production, plus paid-in freight, as applicable. Purchaser must certify that Austrian winter peas will not be used for feed in any form including split, ground, or whole form.
Austrian winter peas, bagged. Not certified for purity or germination. 1,600,000 hundredweight.[1]	In Portland, Oreg., area only. The domestic market price for feed but not less than $3 per 100 pounds, f. o. b. point of storage, plus paid-in freight, as applicable. Purchaser must certify that commodity will be used for feed purposes only.
Ladino clover seed (certified), bagged, 78,000 hundredweight.	$105 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. point of production, plus paid-in freight, as applicable. $100 in lots of 60,000 pounds or more. Above prices will not be reduced during period ending August 31, 1953. Available Portland and San Francisco PMA Commodity offices.
Wheat, bulk, 25,000,000 bushels[1]...	Basis in store, the market price but in no event less than the applicable 1952 loan rate for the class, grade, quality, and location, plus: (1) 35 cents per bushel if received by truck, or (2) 31 cents per bushel if received by rail or barge. Examples of minimum prices, per bushel: Kansas City, No. 1 HW, ex rail or barge, $2.89; Minneapolis, No. 1 HDNS, ex rail or barge, $2.83; Chicago, No. 1 RW, ex rail or barge, $2.84.

[1] These same lots are available at export sales prices announced today.

MARCH 1953 DOMESTIC PRICE LIST—Continued

Commodity and approximate quantity available (subject to prior sale)	Domestic price list
Oats, bulk, 4,400,000 bushels [1]	At points of production, basis in store, the market price but not less than the applicable 1952 county loan rate plus: (1) 19 cents per bushel if received by truck, or (2) 17 cents per bushel if received by rail or barge. At other points, the foregoing plus average paid-in freight. Examples of minimum prices per bushel: Chicago, No. 3 or better, ex rail or barge, $1.08; Minneapolis, No. 3 or better, ex rail or barge, $1.03.
Barley, bulk, 100,000 bushels [1]	Basis in store, the market price but in no event less than the applicable 1952 loan rate for the class, grade, quality, and location, plus: (1) 26 cents per bushel if received by truck or (2) 22 cents per bushel if received by rail or barge. Examples of minimum prices per bushel: Minneapolis, No. 1 barley, ex rail or barge, $1.64.
Corn, bulk, 50,000,000 bushels [1]	At points of production, basis in store, the market price but not less than the applicable 1952 county loan rate for No. 3 yellow plus: (1) 24 cents per bushel if received by truck, or (2) 20 cents per bushel if received by rail or barge. At other locations, the foregoing plus average paid-in freight: Examples of minimum prices per bushel: Chicago, No. 3 yellow, $1.98; St. Louis, No. 3 yellow, $2.00; Minneapolis, No. 3 yellow, $1.89; Omaha, No. 3 yellow, $1.91; Kansas City, No. 3 yellow, $1.96. For other classes, grades, and quality, market differentials will apply.
Flaxseed, bulk, 140,000 bushels	Market price on date of sale at place of delivery, provided delivery takes place within 15 days unless otherwise agreed upon, but not less than the following: $4.47 per bushel, No. 1 Grade, basis in store, Minneapolis. For other markets and grades, adjust by market differentials.
Cottonseed meal, bagged, 25,000 short tons.	Information covering prices, quantities, and locations can be secured at the New Orleans, Dallas, or San Francisco PMA Commodity offices.

[1] These same lots also are available at export sales prices announced today.

MARCH 1953 EXPORT PRICE LIST

Commodity and approximate quantity available (subject to prior sale)	Export price list
Cottonseed oil, bleachable prime summer yellow, 340,000,000 pounds.[1]	Bid basis f. o. b. tank cars at points of storage locations.
Cottonseed oil, crude, 45,000,000 pounds.	Bid basis, f. o. b. tank cars or tank wagons at producers mills.
Linseed oil, raw, 185,900,000 pounds.[1]	Bid basis f. o. b. tank cars at points of storage locations.
Peanuts, Virginia type, farmer's stock, bagged, 48,000 short tons.	Bid basis f. o. b. points of storage locations on a sound mature kernel basis subject to a premium of $1.25 per ton for each 1 percent extra large kernels in excess of 15 percent. Discounts for damage of $3.50 per ton for each 1 percent damage in excess of 1 percent; for foreign material of $1 per ton for each 1 percent foreign material in excess of 4 percent.
Dry edible beans	No. 1 Grade delivered on track present location, on basis costs and freight paid to f. a. s. vessel at location shown below.
Baby Lima, bagged, 1950 crop, 362,000 hundredweight.[1]	$4.25 per 100 pounds, San Francisco Bay area.
Small white, bagged, 9,503 hundredweight.[1]	No. 1 Grade, 1951 crop: $8 per 100 pounds, f. a. s. Stockton, Calif.
Pea, bagged 878,000 hundredweight.[1]	No. 1 Grade, 1951 crop: $8 per 100 pounds, f. a. s. Baltimore, Philadelphia and Norfolk. Sample Grade, 1951 crop: $5 per 100 pounds, f. a. s. Baltimore, Philadelphia, and Norfolk. Discount for grades on all beans: No. 2, 25 cents less than No. 1; No. 3, 50 cents less than No. 1.
Austrian winter peas, bagged, not certified for purity or germination, 1,600,000 hundredweight.[1]	The domestic market price for feed but not less than $3.50 per 100 pounds, f. a. s. Portland, Oreg., or Seattle, Wash.
Wheat, bulk 25,000,000 bushels [1]	Market price on date of sale at point of delivery, provided delivery takes place within 15 days unless otherwise agreed upon.
Oats, bulk, 4,400,000 bushels [1]	Market price on date of sale at point of delivery, provided delivery takes place within 15 days unless otherwise agreed upon.
Barley, bulk, 100,000 bushels [1]	Market price on date of sale at place of delivery, provided delivery takes place within 15 days unless otherwise agreed upon.
Corn, bulk, 50,000,000 bushels [1]	Market price on date of sale at place of delivery, provided delivery takes place within 15 days unless otherwise agreed upon.
Cottonseed meal, bagged, 25,000 short tons.[1]	Information covering prices, quantities, and locations can be secured at the New Orleans, Dallas, or San Francisco PMA Commodity offices.

[1] These same lots also are available at domestic sales prices announced today.

(Pub. Law 439, 81st Cong.)

Issued: March 10, 1953.

[SEAL]

HOWARD H. GORDON,
Executive Vice President,
Commodity Credit Corporation.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2307; Filed, Mar. 13, 1953; 8:51 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Wage and Hour Division

LEARNER EMPLOYMENT CERTIFICATES

ISSUANCE TO VARIOUS INDUSTRIES

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to section 14 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended (52 Stat. 1068, as amended; 29 U. S. C. and Sup. 214) and Part 522 of the regulations issued thereunder (29 CFR Part 522) special certificates authorizing the employment of learners at hourly wage rates lower than the minimum wage rates applicable under section 6 of the act have been issued to the firms listed below. The employment of learners under these certificates is limited to the terms and conditions therein contained and is subject to the provisions of Part 522. The effective and expiration dates, occupations, wage rates, number or proportion of learners, and learning period for certificates issued under the general learner regulations (§§ 522.1 to 522.14) are as indicated below; conditions provided in certificates issued under special industry regulations are as established in these regulations.

Single Pants, Shirts and Allied Garments, Women's Apparel, Sportswear and Other Odd Outerwear, Rainwear, Robes and Leather and Sheep-Lined Garments Divisions of the Apparel Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.160 to 522.166, as amended December 31, 1951, 16 F R. 12043, and June 2, 1952; 17 F R. 3818)

Abatex Dress Manufacturing Co., Mountain Home, Ark., effective 3-9-53 to 9-8-53; 25 learners for expansion purposes (cotton dresses).

Blue Bell, Inc., Woodstock, Va., effective 3-6-53 to 3-5-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (dungarees).

Clinton Garment Co., 1058 South Fourth Street, Clinton, Ind., effective 3-9-53 to 3-8-54; 10 learners (ladies' rayon and quilted robes and pajama sets, etc.).

Clinton Garment Co., 1058 South Fourth Street, Clinton, Ind., effective 3-9-53 to 9-8-53; 10 learners for expansion purposes (ladies' rayon and quilted robes and pajama sets, etc.).

Cowden Manufacturing Co., East Main Street, Stanford, Ky., effective 3-15-53 to 3-14-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (waistband overalls).

Derby Sportswear, Inc., 420 East German Street, Herkimer, N. Y., effective 3-5-53 to 3-4-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force. This certificate does not authorize the employment of learners at subminimum wage rates in the production of women's and children's skirts and jumpers (women's and children's cotton shirts and blouses, etc.).

Elk Brand Shirt & Overall Co., Hopkinsville, Ky., effective 3-5-53 to 9-4-53; 10 learners for expansion purposes (overalls, work shirts, and work pants).

Gloria Manufacturing Co., 426 Main Street, Slatington, Pa., effective 3-9-53 to 3-8-54; 10 learners (women's house dresses, aprons, housecoats).

J. Grinchuck Co., Braidwood, Ill., effective 3-7-53 to 3-6-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force or 10 learners, whichever is greater (trousers).

Joy Togs, Inc., 950 Highland Avenue, Greensburg, Pa., effective 3-4-53 to 3-3-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force or 10 learners, whichever is greater (children's snowsuits, girls' play togs).

Keystone Coat & Apron Manufacturing Corp., 1325 Federal Street, Philadelphia, Pa., effective 3-9-53 to 3-8-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (trousers).

Keystone Coat & Apron Manufacturing Corp., 1826 East Somerset Street, Philadelphia, Pa., effective 3-9-53 to 3-8-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (trousers).

Langwear, Inc., 608 North Clark Street, River Falls, Wis., effective 3-5-53 to 3-4-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (work and sport pants made of denim material).

Liberty Trouser Co., 2205-11, 2217 First Avenue N., Birmingham, Ala., effective 3-9-53 to 3-8-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (overalls, trousers, dungarees).

Loungeray, Inc., Canal Street, Hollidaysburg, Pa., effective 3-5-53 to 3-4-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (ladies' negligees and robes).

McNeer Dillon Co., 550 South Center Street, 433½ Western Avenue, 739 Shelton Avenue, Statesville, N. C., effective 3-4-53 to 3-3-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (shirts).

McNeer Dillon Co., 550 South Center Street, 433½ Western Avenue, 739 Shelton Avenue, Statesville, N. C., effective 3-4-53 to 9-3-53; 40 learners for expansion purposes (shirts).

Miller Manufacturing Co., 907 Virginia Avenue, Joplin, Mo., effective 3-5-53 to 3-4-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (men's and boys' shirts and trousers).

Pleasure Togs, Inc., 156 Trinity Avenue SW., Atlanta, Ga., effective 3-5-53 to 3-4-54; 10 learners (women's sportswear).

Reidbord Bros. Co., Blairton, Washington Township, Westmoreland County, Pa., effective 3-17-53 to 3-16-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (men's and boys' trousers).

Albert Rosenblatt & Sons, Inc., Poultney, Vt., effective 3-7-53 to 3-6-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (cotton dresses).

Albert Rosenblatt & Sons, Inc., Rutland, Vt., effective 3-7-53 to 3-6-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (cotton dresses).

Selro Manufacturing Co., Rear 115 Race Street, Cambridge, Md., effective 3-6-53 to 3-5-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force or 10 learners, whichever is greater (women's blouses).

Serbin, Inc., Fayetteville, Tenn., effective 3-9-53 to 3-8-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force. Learners not to be engaged at subminimum wage rates in the manufacture of skirts (ladies' dresses and sportswear).

Star Union of Tennessee, Inc., Manchester, Tenn., effective 3-4-53 to 3-3-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (men's and boys' pajamas).

Strutwear, Inc., Glencoe, Minn., effective 3-13-53 to 3-12-54; 7 learners to be engaged in the manufacture of women's blouses and women's lingerie of purchased woven fabric only (women's blouses and lingerie).

Tex-Son, Inc., 419 South St. Mary's Street, San Antonio, Tex., effective 3-5-53 to 3-4-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (boys' sports and outerwear garments).

Weisrog Manufacturing Co., 31 North First Street, Bangor, Pa., effective 3-6-53 to 3-5-54; 6 learners (women's blouses).

Womble-Campbell Manufacturing Co., 117 West Second Street, Hereford, Tex., effective 3-9-53 to 3-8-54; 5 learners (women's and children's cotton and rayon lingerie).

Hosiery Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.40 to 522.51, as revised November 19, 1951, 16 F. R. 10733)

Prim Hosiery Mills, Inc., 219 West Stacey Street, Chester, Ill., effective 3-11-53 to 3-10-54; 5 percent of the productive factory force.

Ragan Knitting Co., Inc., 7 Cox Avenue, Thomasville, N. C., effective 3-6-53 to 3-5-54; 5 percent of the productive factory force.

Independent Telephone Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.82 to 522.93, as amended January 25, 1950; 15 F. R. 398)

Milledgeville Mutual Telephone Co., Milledgeville, Ill., effective 3-6-53 to 3-5-54.

Knitted Wear Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.68 to 522.79, as amended January 21, 1952; 16 F. R. 12866)

Seamprufe, Inc., Holdenville, Okla., effective 3-6-53 to 3-5-54; 5 percent of the productive factory force (slips and lingerie).

Seamprufe, Inc., Holdenville, Okla., effective 3-6-53 to 9-5-53; 45 additional learners for expansion purposes (slips and lingerie).

Strutwear, Inc., Glencoe, Minn., effective 3-13-53 to 3-12-54; 3 learners engaged in the manufacture of women's lingerie from purchased knitted fabric only (women's lingerie).

Regulations Applicable to the Employment of Learners (29 CFR 522.1 to 522.14)

Ames Safety Envelope Co., 21 Vine Street, Somerville, Mass., effective 3-6-53 to 9-5-53; 5 learners; hand and machine operations in making envelopes; 320 hours at 65 cents per hour (special and expanding envelopes).

Freeman & Freeman, 229 Franklin Road, Roanoke, Va., effective 3-10-53 to 3-9-54; 5 learners; sewing machine operators; 250 hours at 65 cents per hour (ladies' custom-made belts, buckles and buttons).

Richards & Associates, Box 1191, Fort Myers, Fla., effective 3-4-53 to 6-3-53; 15 learners for expansion purposes; sewing machine operators; 480 hours; 65 cents per hour for the first 320 hours and 70 cents per hour for the remaining 160 hours (household articles, rainwear, etc., of plastic film).

The following special learner certificate was issued in Puerto Rico to the company hereinafter named. The effective and expiration dates, the number of learners, the learner occupations, the length of the learning period and the learner wage rates are indicated, respectively.

Puerto Rico Fabrics, Inc., Naguabo, P. R., effective 3-2-53 to 7-19-53; 9 learners; knitters, 240 hours at 30 cents per hour, 240 hours at 35 cents per hour; boarding and pairing, 240 hours at 30 cents per hour, 240 hours at 35 cents per hour (seamless hosiery for infants).

Each certificate has been issued upon the employer's representation that employment of learners at subminimum rates is necessary in order to prevent curtailment of opportunities for employment, and that experienced workers for the learner occupations are not available. The certificates may be cancelled in the manner provided in the regulations and as indicated in the certificates. Any person aggrieved by the issuance of any of these certificates may seek a review or reconsideration thereof within fifteen days after publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER pursuant to the provisions of Part 522.

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 9th day of March 1953.

MILTON BROOKE,
Authorized Representative of the Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2325; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:47 a. m.]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

[Sec. 5a, Application 43]

GREAT LAKES FREIGHT BUREAU, INC.

APPLICATION FOR APPROVAL OF AGREEMENT

MARCH 12, 1953.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for approval of an agreement under the provisions of section 5a of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed March 11, 1953, by C. E. Jackson, Agent, Great Lakes Freight Bureau, Inc., Cleveland, Ohio.

Agreement involved: An agreement between and among common carriers by water, members of the Great Lakes Freight Bureau, Inc., relating to rates, and divisions, and rules and regulations, applicable to the transportation of property in interstate or foreign commerce on the Great Lakes and connecting waterways, and procedures for the joint initiation, consideration, and establishment thereof.

The complete application may be inspected at the office of the Commission in Washington, D. C.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 20 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] GEORGE W. LAIRD,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2374; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:55 a. m.]

[Rev. S. O. 562, Taylor's I. C. C. Order 10, Amdt. 2]

CHICAGO WESTERN RAILWAY CO.

REROUTING OR DIVERSION OF TRAFFIC

Upon further consideration of Taylor's I. C. C. Order No. 10 and good cause appearing therefor: *It is ordered,* That:

Taylor's I. C. C. Order No. 10 be, and it is hereby, amended by substituting the following paragraph (g) for paragraph (g) thereof:

(g) Expiration date: This order shall expire at 11:59 p. m., March 25, 1953, unless otherwise modified, changed, suspended or annulled.

It is further ordered, That this amendment shall become effective at 11:59 p. m., March 10, 1953, and that this order shall be served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of all railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement, and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

Issued at Washington, D. C., March 10, 1953.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION,
CHARLES W. TAYLOR,
Agent.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2348; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:50 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 27876]

COKE REFUSE AND DUST FROM POINTS IN ILLINOIS AND INDIANA, TO VIRGINIA, MINN.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

MARCH 12, 1953.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application

for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by R. G. Raasch, Agent, for carriers parties to schedule listed below.

Commodities involved: Coke refuse or coke dust, carloads.

From: South Chicago and Joliet, Ill., Gary, Ivanhoe, and Stockton, Ind.

To: Virginia, Minn.

Grounds for relief: Competition with water, or water-rail carriers.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: R. G. Raasch, Agent, I. C. C. No. 767, Supp. 7.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] GEORGE W LAIRD,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2349; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:51 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 27877]

GRAIN FROM CENTRAL, SOUTHERN, AND BORDER STATES, TO POINTS IN LOUISIANA

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

MARCH 12, 1953.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by F. C. Kratzmeir, Agent, for carriers parties to schedule listed below.

Commodities involved. Grain, grain products, and related articles, carloads.

From: Stations on the Missouri Pacific Railroad Company in Colorado, Arkansas, Illinois, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, Oklahoma, and Tennessee.

To: Points in Louisiana.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers, circuitous routes, and to maintain grouping.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: F. C. Kratzmeir, Agent, I. C. C. No. 3940, Supp. 25.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] GEORGE W LAIRD,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2350; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:51 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 27878]

GRAIN FROM POINTS IN ARKANSAS, TO POINTS IN TEXAS

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

MARCH 12, 1953.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by F C. Kratzmeir, Agent, for Dardanelle and Russellville Railroad Company, Missouri Pacific Railroad Company, and other carriers named in the application.

Commodities involved: Grain, grain products, and related articles, carloads.

From: Points in Arkansas, on the Dardanelle and Russellville Railroad.

To: Points in Texas.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers, circuitous routes, and to maintain grouping.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: F C. Kratzmeir, Agent, I. C. C. No. 3941, Supp. 51.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] GEORGE W LAIRD,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2351; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:51 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 27879]

BRASS, BRONZE AND COPPER ARTICLES, ETC., IN OFFICIAL TERRITORY INCLUDING EXTENDED ZONE "C"

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

MARCH 12, 1953.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by C. W Boin and I. N. Doe, Agents, for carriers parties to schedule listed below.

Commodities involved: Brass, bronze, copper, cupro-nickel or nickel-silver articles, carloads.

Territory: Between points in official territory (including Illinois territory), also between official territory and extended Zone C in Wisconsin, also over differential routes from New England territory to central and Illinois territories and western trunk-line extended Zone C territory.

Grounds for relief: Rail and motor competition, circuity, grouping, and to apply rates constructed on the basis of the short line distance formula.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. W Boin, Agent, I. C. C. No. A-972.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] GEORGE W LAIRD,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2352; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:51 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 27880]

OCEAN-RAIL RATES BETWEEN EASTERN SEABOARD TERRITORY AND THE SOUTHWEST

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

MARCH 12, 1953.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by W S. Jermain, Agent, for carriers parties to schedules listed below.

Involving: Class rates governed by the uniform freight classification.

Territory: Between north Atlantic ports and interior points in eastern seaboard territory, on the one hand, and Baton Rouge and New Orleans, La., Texas Gulf ports and interior points in the southwest, on the other, over ocean-rail routes in connection with Pan-Atlantic Steamship Corporation.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers, circuitous routes, and to maintain grouping.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: W S. Jermain, Agent, I. C. C. No. 16, Supp. 60; F C. Kratzmeir, Agent, I. C. C. No. 4023, Supp. 5; C. W. Boin, Agent, I. C. C. No. A-963, Supp. 4.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] GEORGE W. LAIRD, *Acting Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 53-2353; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:51 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 27881]

PULPBOARD AND FIBREBOARD FROM URBANA, OHIO, TO AUGUSTA, GA.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

MARCH 12, 1953.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: L. C. Schuldt, Agent, for carriers parties to his tariff I. C. C. No. 4510, pursuant to fourth-section order No. 17220.

Commodities involved: Pulpboard or fibreboard, carloads.

From: Urbana, Ohio.

To: Augusta, Ga.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers and circuitous routes.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] GEORGE W. LAIRD, *Acting Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 53-2354; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:52 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 27882]

CRUDE RUBBER FROM BORGER, TEX., TO DES MOINES AND HIGHLAND PARK, IOWA

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

MARCH 12, 1953.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: F. C. Kratzmeir, Agent, for carriers parties to schedule listed below.

Commodities involved: Rubber, artificial, synthetic or neoprene, crude, carloads.

From: Borger, Tex.

To: Des Moines and Highland Park, Iowa.

Grounds for relief: Rail and motor competition and circuitous routes.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: F. C. Kratzmeir, Agent, I. C. C. No. 3967, Supp. 210.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] GEORGE W. LAIRD, *Acting Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 53-2355; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:52 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 27885]

PAPER BAGS FROM BEAUMONT AND BETNER, TEX., TO OFFICIAL AND ILLINOIS TERRITORIES

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

MARCH 12, 1953.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: F. C. Kratzmeir, Agent, for carriers parties to schedule listed below.

Commodities involved: Paper bags, carloads.

From: Beaumont and Betner, Tex.

To: Points in official and Illinois territories.

Grounds for relief: Rail competition, circuitous routes, and to apply rates constructed on the basis of the short line distance formula.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: F. C. Kratzmeir, Agent, I. C. C. No. 3959, Supp. 28.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] GEORGE W. LAIRD, *Acting Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 53-2358; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:52 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 27886]

SUGAR FROM POINTS IN THE WEST AND NEW ORLEANS, LA., TO GARLAND, TEX.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

MARCH 12, 1953.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: F. C. Kratzmeir, Agent, for carriers parties to schedules listed below.

Commodities involved: Sugar, beet or cane, carloads.

From: Points in Colorado, Idaho, Oregon, and Utah, and New Orleans, La., group.

To: Garland, Tex.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers, circuitous routes, and to maintain grouping.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: F C. Kratzmeir, Agent, I. C. C. No. 3662, Supp. 106; F. C. Kratzmeir, Agent, I. C. C. No. 3865, Supp. 16.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to

investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] GEORGE W. LAIRD,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2359; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:52 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Office of Alien Property

EMMA BARBERIS ET AL.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of the publication hereof, the following property, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Property, and Location

Emma Barberis, Trivero, Italy; Claim No. 40352; $4,359.87 to Emma Barberis.

Paul Barberis, Trivero, Italy; Claim No. 40353; $4,359.87 to Paul Barberis.

Antoinette Barberis, Pratrivero, Italy; Claim No. 40354; $4,359.87 to Antoinette Barberis.

Clotilde Barberis, Coggiola, Italy; Claim No. 40355; $4,359.87 to Clotilde Barberis.

James Barberis, Trivero, Italy; Claim No. 40356; $4,359.87 to James Barberis.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 11, 1953.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2365; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:54 a. m.]

ANTONIO CELLE

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of the publication hereof, the following property subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Property, and Location

Antonio Celle, Genoa, Italy; Claim No. 36042; $12,404.92 in the Treasury of the United States.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 11, 1953.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2366; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:54 a. m.]

MARIE FEIGL

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of the publication hereof, the following property, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Property, and Location

Maria Feigl, Burgenland, Austria; Claim No. 41129; $938.88 cash in the Treasury of the United States.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 11, 1953.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2367; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:54 a. m.]

THORVALD CHRISTIAN VALDEMAR NIELSEN

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of publication hereof, the following property located in Washington, D. C., including all royalties accrued thereunder and all damages and profits recoverable for past infringement thereof, after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., and Property

Thorvald Christian Valdemar Nielsen, Copenhagen F. Denmark; Claim No. 36982; property described in Vesting Order No. 664 relating to U. S. Patent No. 2,086,429.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 11, 1953.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V MYRON,
Deputy Director
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2368; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:54 a. m.]

KURT SYLVAN RIEGELE

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of the publication hereof, the following property, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Property, and Location

Kurt Sylvan Riegele, Augsburg, Germany; Claim No. 40142; $3,841.32 in the Treasury of the United States.

All right, title, interest, and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Kurt Riegele, in and to the trust created under the will of Blanche Jacobs Osborne.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 11, 1953.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2369; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:54 a. m.]

CANDIDA SCANAVINO

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of the publication hereof, the following property subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Property, and Location

Candida Scanavino, La Spenia, Italy; Claim No. 34612; $539.37 in the Treasury of the United States.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 11, 1953.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2370; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:54 a. m.]

JOHANNA SCHNEIDER

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of the publication hereof, the following property, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Property, and Location

Johanna Schneider, Georg Siegelgasse 12/17, Vienna IX, Austria; Claim No. 41264; Vesting Order No. 2328; $131.56 in the Treasury of the United States.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 11, 1953.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2371; Filed, Mar. 16, 1953; 8:55 a. m.]